# **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





Rosedale Nurseries

TARRYTOWN, N.Y.

# Why Buy at Rosedale?

Some concerns put great stress on the age and size of their nurseries; others on their low prices. Rosedale Nurseries cannot lay claim to superiority for either of these reasons, but there are several reasons we consider far more important than either of these, why our list of customers is not only increasing rapidly but a very large per cent. of them come back from year to year and bring their friends.

The location is in one of the most trying of climates. The temperature sometimes goes down to 17 degrees below zero and in a few days changes to a mild 1st—LOCATION temperature and vice versa. Thus, the stock becomes inured to any climate. Farther north trees are subjected to more severe cold, but the cold being constant, plants do not suffer as much as by sudden changes.

Our location is convenient to a large territory by motor truck. Also to the N. Y. Central Railroad and its connection in all directions.

Rosedale Nurseries are not so large but that each order gets 2d—PERSONAL ATTENTION that personal attention so essential to care in selection and packing. Each customer not only finds much practical information in our catalogue but also is freely given answers to many queries as to selection and location of the proper trees and plants for stated places and conditions. Our fifty years of Training and Experience in Farm, Orchard, College, Nursery and Landscape Gardening are at your service.

Constant care and attention are given by our Cornell graduate to keep the nursery free from disease and insect pests. The state inspectors who 3d—CLEAN STOCK go through our nurseries twice a year marvel at the healthful conditions of Rosedale stock,

4th -QUALITY In addition to freedom from disease and insect pests, the quality of nursery stock depends on several things carefully looked after at "Rosedale." Tops are carefully pruned to give proper shape and trees are frequently transplanted to develop root system. No matter what the size, shape, or beauty of the top may be, if the roots have not been developed by frequent transplanting the transplanti frequent transplanting, the tree has little value. In other words, the quality of the tree depends much more upon the root than upon the top, the real value depending on the balance between these two parts.

One customer writes: "It's a pleasure to do business with you and you prove your slogan 'The

quality of an article is remembered long after the price is forgotten.'

5th—FAIR PRICES Frequent transplanting, so essential to the development of good roots, does not produce as large a tree in a given time, and therefore, it costs more to produce a tree of a certain size. This, no doubt, makes a few of our prices seem high to some intending purchasers; but we believe that, in accordance with our motto, our prices are "As low as Consistent with Wickest Oppoints." Consistent with Highest Quality.'

NO CHARGE is made for burlapping evergreens or boxing and packing, except for large and bulky stock.

10 per cent. discount will be allowed for 5 to 25 of a kind where the ten rate is not given.
20 per cent. discount will be allowed for 25 or more of a kind where ten and hundred rates are not given.



In the Heart of Westchester Co.

#### TO PLANT A TREE OR SHRUB IS A VERY EASY MATTER IF ONE WILL CAREFULLY FOLLOW THESE 4 RULES:

FIRST.—Dig the holes large enough to admit the roots to spread out in their natural position, and deep enough to allow the plant to stand at the same depth it stood in the nur-

SECOND.—Use no fertilizer, but sprinkle fine soil among the roots, shaking the tree a little if necessary, or using the hand, if the fibrous roots are very numerous, so that every root may come in contact with the soil.

THIRD.—When the roots are well covered, the earth should be tramped, or tamped, as firm as a post. Put in more court, and tamp again. The last two or three inches of earth

should not tamped, as time as a post. It is more earth and tamp again. The last two or three inches of earth should not be tamped, leaving it loose for the rain to be taken in. Do not round up the earth about the tree, lest the water run off. If the weather is dry early in fall or late in

water run off. If the weather is dry early in fall or late in the spring, water may be poured in about the tree; otherwise it is seldom necessary.

FOURTH.—Give the tree a good mulching to hold the moisture, or stir the ground with a hoe once a week.

DELIVERY.—It may be noted by the map that our nursery is in the heart of Westchester County, which insures quick delivery by truck to all points within the county and nearby points in Connecticut, so that you may plant your choice material within a few hours after it has left the nursery soil. serv soil.



Choice Evergreens are Decorative Twelve Months in the Year.

# Coniferous Trees

LARGE STOCK, LOW PRICES

In comparing prices please note the fact that we make no charge for burlapping the ball of evergreens, or for boxing or packing sizes up to and including 4 feet.

Abies Concolor. (White Fir). Tree of graceful habit; bright, handsome foliage; very distinct and exceedingly rare. It is very hardy and the most desirable Fir for the Eastern States.

This tree stands at the head of our list of evergreens, not only alphabetically, but also intrinsically. If you can plant but one evergreen, plant this and its soft foliage and perfect symmetry will be an increasing delight. Owing to the searcity of this valuable tree, prices have been very high, but by large plantings from year to year we have at last succeeded in getting stock sufficient to warrant our offering them at the following reasonable prices:

			Eac	h 10
21/2	to	3	ft\$ 5.	.00 \$ 45.00
3	to	4	ft 6.	.00 55.00
4	to	5	ft 8.	.00 75.00
5	to	6	ft 10.	.00 95.00
6	to	7	ft 12.	.00 110.00
7	to	14	ft\$15.00 to 35.	.00

A. C. Violacea. A very beautiful light-blue form of concolor. Prices same as type.

A. Nordmanniana. (Nordmann's Silver Fir). This variety is native in the mountains of Crimea, where it attains a height of 100 feet. The foliage is of the darkest green, silvered underneath, retaining its color throughout the year. It contrasts well with lighter evergreens, is very hardy and of rapid growth.

														Eac	h
4 to	5	ft.	<b>.</b>										 \$	6.5	0
5 to															
6 to															

A. Veitchii (Veitch's Silver Fir). A very rare and beautiful species; leaves silver blue beneath and rich dark green above; very hardy and one of the most beautiful firs.

	Each
3 to 4 ft	 \$ 6.00
	.\$10.00 to \$20.00

# Cryptomeria Lobbi Compacta

A beautiful Japanese evergreen of compact, pyramidal habit. Its bright green leaves change to bronzy red in fall and winter.

2	to	3	ft.		 													. 8	3.50
3	to	4	ft.																5.00
$\tilde{a}$	to	8	ft.									\$	6	.(	)(	)	t	0	15.00

New York City, April 18, 1921.

Gentlemen:

I received the trees in accordance with my order of March 16, and I am very much pleased with them all. The trees are better rooted and the evergreens are of a much better shape than any I have received this year.

W. G. SPEER

Valley View, Penna., March 7, 1921.

My dear Sir:

——in fact spring would be no spring at all if I did not plant some new stuff. And I like to buy from you because you are so trustworthy. I am sounding your praises wherever I can make a chance, and glad to do so.

E. M. HUNTSINGER



"Douglas Fir-The Tree for the Million"

# Pseudotsuga—Douglas Fir

Colorado Variety

"THE DOUGLAS SPRUCE OR FIR is the tree for the million. It would be difficult to over-rate its beauty." Its horizontal branches, with pendulous branchlets richly clothed with bright green foliage, render it a striking object in the landscape. The trees are hardy in Canada and endure both drought and cold. Those we planted at Lenox, Mass., in 1908, 1,000 feet above sea level in the Berkshires, have stood that trying climate as well as the hardiest varieties known and the foliage appears as bright and fresh in spring as in autumn. Like many of our American plants, in England they are made more of than in this country. The Douglas Fir was introduced into England more than 100 years ago where fine specimens have been developed, retaining their symmetry in a perfect pyramid, the lower branches being all present and resting on the ground.

#### THE OPINION OF AN EMINENT AUTHORITY

We quote from a most excellent article on evergreens by E. H. Wilson, in the December (1915) "Garden Magazine": "The Douglas Fir is one of the most valuable of all coniferous trees and, from a horticultural viewpoint, one of the most indispensable. In the Arnold Arboretum, Boston, trees 40 years of age are 50 feet and more tall and others about 15 years old are 18 to 25 feet tall. The lower branches of these trees sweep the ground and the others incline upward and have a plume-like appearance. Either as a lawn tree, or for avenues, or for massing, the Douglas Fir is equally valuable and it needs no commendation."

The owner of one of Westchester County's finest estates says, "The Douglas Spruce is one of the two Conifers I like best."

		Each	10
18 to 2	4 in	\$ 1.75	\$ 15.00
2 to	3 ft	2.50	22.50
3 to	4 ft	3.50	32.50
4 to	5 ft	5.00	45.00
5 to	6 ft	7.00	60.00
6 to	7 ft	9.00	85.00
7 to	8 ft	11.00	100.00
8 to	9 ft	13.00	125.00
9 to 1	0 ft	15.00	140.00
10 to 1	1 ft	17.00	160.00
Larger	Specimens. $$20.00$	to 50.00	

Glauca Elegans (Blue Douglas). Like all evergreens, the Douglas Seedlings vary in color from a dark green to a bluish-green foliage. One of these especially blue seedlings was so striking that it has been used for grafting and is now offered under the name of Glauca Elegans.

5	to	6	ft\$	7.00 \$	65.00
-6	to	7	ft	9.00	85.00

# Juniperus-Juniper

All the Junipers are valuable ornamental plants—the upright species as single specimens or in groups, and the low forms well adapted for rocky slopes or banks. Junipers thrive best in a sandy, loamy soil, moderately moist, but do well in rocky and gravelly soils in sunny open situations. Excellent for seaside planting.

J. Aurea. (Douglas Dwarf Golden Juniper). Very dwarf, spreading form, which turns to a beautiful bronze in winter. Very suitable for edging groups and in rockeries.

																Laci	
3	to	4	ft.	broad.											. :	\$4.50	)
4	${\rm to}$	5	ft.	broad.												5.50	)

4 to 5 ft. broad..... 5.50

- J. Chinensis— Specimens.........\$8.00 to \$25.00

 18 to 24 in...
 \$2.00

 2 to 3 ft...
 2.75

 Larger Specimens
 \$3.50 to 10.00



Four times transplanted. Three times transplanted.

Twice transplanted

J. Oblonga Pendula. (Weeping Juniper). 15 to 20 feet high. Native of the mountains of northern Japan; perfectly hardy; very graceful. **Specimens**.....\$25.00 to \$30.00

J. Pfitzeriana. A comparatively new form, exceedingly graceful and beautiful. It is a very

rapid grower and like most Junipers, perfectly hardy. After many years test in our ground, we can most highly recommend this tree.

2 to 2½ ft. \$4.00 2½ to 3 ft. 6.00 3 to 4 ft. 12.00 **Larger Specimens**......\$15.00 to 25.00

J. Sabina. (Savin's Juniper). Dwarf, spreading shrub. Grows in the poorest soil. Very valuable for rockeries, borders and groups.

J. Sabina Prostrata. Trailing form of Savin's Juniper. Excellent for rockery. 2 to 3 ft. broad.....\$3.00

3 to 4 ft. broad..... 4.00

J. S. Tamariscifolia. A procumbent shrub of great beauty with delicate bluish-green foliage. \$20.00 10 to 12 in. spread.....\$2.50

12 to 15 in. spread..... 3.50 30.00 15 to 18 in. spread..... 4.00 35.00 18 to 24 in. spread..... 5.00

J. Sargenti. (Sargent's Juniper) Low, spreading,

like tamariscifolia.
12 to 15 in. spread......\$1.50 

J. Virginiana. (Red Cedar). Fine for formal planting.

18 to 24 in.....\$ 1.50 2 to 3 ft..... 2.50 3 to 4 ft... 3.50 4 to 5 ft... 4.50

5 to 12 ft.....\$6.00 to 25.00

three Hemlock Spruce, each 3 feet high, with ball of earth shaken out to show results of frequent transplanting. Note the increased mass of fibrous roots, also increase of fatness of tops. All our stock, both de-

Photo-engraving of

ciduous and evergreen trees and shrubs, is frequently transplanted. Our Maples, Lindens, Poplars, Dogwood, etc., show the same masses of fibrous roots as Hemlocks. In digging, great care is used to preserve the roots intact. We do not use a tree-digging machine. Moreover, our stock is not dug in autumn and stored in cellars, but dug fresh from the ground at time of packing the order.

J. V. Aurea Variegata. Pyramidal in form, like Virginiana, but of finer growth. Keeps its golden color well throughout the year. Specimens......\$8.00 to \$15.00

J. V. Glauca. (Blue Virginiana). Of compact, conical habit and bright, silvery foliage.

2 to 3 ft.....\$3.50 

 3 to 4 ft.
 5.50

 4 to 5 ft.
 7.00

 5 to 6 ft.
 9.00

 Larger Specimens......\$10.00 to 35.00

J. V. Schottii. Narrow pyramidal form of Virginiana; foliage light green, superb.

,		 out cros	
2 to 3	${\bf f}t\dots\dots$	 \$4.00	)
3 to 4	ft	 5.00	)
		7.50	
Specim	ens	 \$9.00 to 20.00	)

#### Larix-Larch

Larix Decidua. (European Larch). A rapid growing deciduous conifer of conical form with soft feathery foliage; does well in a great variety of soils.

8 to 10 ft.....\$2.00 

L. Leptolepis. (Japanese Larch). Very beautiful, especially in spring, with its purple cones 

10 to 12 ft. 4.00 12 to 14 ft. 6.00

#### Well Pleased With Execution of \$460.00 Order

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., May 11, 1921.

Dear Mr. Harris:

I just want to let you know the evergreens came in excellent condition and we were much pleased with your prompt execution of the order. H. E. DOWNER

## Picea-Spruce

No groups of evergreen is more widely used in landscape work than Spruces, many of which are among the most showy and rapid growing evergreens; in fact, some of the varieties are almost indispensable. Spruces will grow in almost any kind of soil moderately moist, and are easily transplanted even when quite large.

Picea Alba. (White Spruce). A native tree of medium size varying in height from 25 to 50 feet. Of pyramidal form; very shapely in appearance. The foliage is silvery gray; one of the hardiest of evergreens, and is adapted to sections where many others would fail. Will thrive in light, moist soil.

2	to	3	ft.																					\$2.0	0
3	to	4	ft.																					3.0	0
5	to	6	ft.													:								5.00	0
6	to	7	ft.																					6.0	0
L	arg	gei	: S	ρе	ci	in	n	<b>e</b> 1	n	S,						. :	\$:	Э.	0	0	)	t	0	25.00	0

- P. Engelmanni. (Englemann Spruce). Resembles the familiar Colorado Blue Spruce; a compact grower and develops into a grand tree. Among the many sorts of Spruces, native and foreign, Engelmanni stands distinct. There is no other one to be confounded with it, and this, with its general merits, calls for its notice from those about to plant.

 3 to 4 ft.
 \$4.50

 4 to 5 ft.
 6.00

 5 to 6 ft.
 7.50

 Larger Specimens.
 \$10.00 to 25.00

Picea Excelsa. (Norway Spruce). No evergreen is more generally planted than this, because of its exceedingly rapid growth and extreme hardiness, which adapt it for shelter and massing for effect. It will grow three feet annually when well established.

			Each	10
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft\$ .75	5 \$ 6.50
2	to	3	ft 1.78	5   16.00
3	to	4	ft 2.7	5   25.00
4	to	5	ft 3.50	0 30.00
5	to	6	ft 4.50	0   40.00
Lar	ger	S	Specimens\$6.00 to 35.00	0

P. E. Aurea. A beautiful golden form of the well-known Norway Spruce, which keeps its color throughout the year.

P. Nigra Doumetti. (Black Spruce). A native tree, dwarf and compact in growth, with glaucous foliage. The most ornamental garden form of the black spruce, having a dense conical pyramid.

**Specimens** 8 to 12 ft......\$8.50 to \$20.00

P. Omorika. (Serbian Spruce). Handsome tree of rather slow growth, forming a dense, narrow pyramid when young.

 P. Orientalis. (Eastern Spruce). Foliage smaller and more dense than that of the other Spruces; color deep glossy green, brighter and richer than the Norway Spruce; hardy as far north as Boston. Attains a height of 50 to 60 feet. Prof. Bailey says: "Of slow growth and therefore valuable for smaller gardens."

Our stock of this beautiful species is a wonder to all who visit us.

																				Each
12 to	18	in																	. 4	1.50
18 to :	24	in																		2.50
2 to	3	ft																		4.50
3 to	4	ft																		5.50
4 to	5	ft																		7.00
6 to	7	ft																		10.00
7 to	8	ft																		12.00
8 to	9	ft																		15.00
9 to	10	ft														٠				18.00
Larger	: S	peci	m	eı	18	S .						\$	2	5	.(	)(	0	1	0	40.00

P. P. G. Kosteriana. (Koster's Colorado Blue Spruce). This we consider one of the finest native evergreens. Foliage of the richest blue or sage color; perfectly hardy everywhere. All our stock is grafted from the original Koster specimen and its descendants, and therefore all alike in color.

Do not confuse this variety with a seedling which is off color ten months of the year. The genuine Kosteriana keeps its rich blue color throughout the year.

_															
$^{2}$	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft											.\$	5.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft		 										7.00
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	$\mathrm{ft}$		 										8.00
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft		 										10.00
4	to	5	ft		 										15.00
5	to	6	ft		 										17.50
Lar	ger	Spe	cimen	3.			 . 8	32	0.	0	0	t	0	]	100.00

P. P. G. Pendula. This is the greatest acquisition in conifers in many years. All the branches, even the young shoots are very drooping; has the same striking blue color as Koster's Blue Spruce.

Large Specimens......\$10.00 to \$30.00



Pinus Mugho



Pinus Austriaca-Black or Austrian Pine

#### Pinus-Pine

The Pines are essentially inhabitants of the poor, sandy soils and dry situations. Their stout root-system enables them to seek scanty water supplies where other species find it difficult. They thrive in any good soil not too wet.

Pinus Austriaca. (Austrian, or Black Pine). A massive and handsome tree of spreading habit. Foliage deep, blackish green. One of the best Pines for forming screens and shelter for more tender trees. Is perfectly hardy and thrives in any moderately dry soil. Flourishes near the seacoast and on high, bleak hills, or in cities where smoke and dust would prohibit the use of other evergreens.

				Each	10
4	to	5	ft	\$6.00	\$57.50
5	to	6	<b>f</b> t	7.50	72.50
L	arg	er	Specimens\$9.00	to 50.00	

P. Cembra. (Swiss Stone Pine). This is dwarf, of conical growth; very compact and symmetrical. We consider this one of the choicest dwarf evergreens in the list. We offer a fine stock.

												Each
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.			 	 	 			8	\$ 3.00
21/2	to	3	ft.			 	 					4.50
												6.50
Lar	ger	Spe	cim	ens	š		 	 8	88	.00	to	25.00

P. Excelsa. (Bhotan Pine). One of the most beautiful of the Pine family. A rapid grower and very hardy. In its native habitat it reaches a height of 150 feet.

**Specimens**.....\$7.50 to \$35.00

P. Montana. (Swiss Mountain Pine). Bright green foliage. Habit variable. Dwarf, low, sometimes prostrate. Useful either singly or on rocky slopes or border to other trees.

L	arg	ge:	r S	рe	ci	m	eı	ns				 		+	7	.0	0	t	0	40.00
3	to	4	ft.											 						5.50
2	to	3	ft.											 					. 1	3.00

P. Mugho. (Dwarf Mountain Pine). A bushy species indigenous to northern Europe. Forms a dense bush and keeps below four feet in height for many years. This is one of the scarcest varieties in the market. Our stock is unusually fine.

 12 to 15 in. broad
 \$ 2.00

 15 to 18 in. broad
 2.75

 18 to 24 in. broad
 3.50

 Larger Specimens
 \$4.00 to 20.00

P. Resinosa. (Red Pine). A hardy native pine of vigorous growth. In appearance much like the Austrian.

				Each	10
4	to	5	ft	 . \$4.00	\$35.00
5	to	6	ft	 5.00	45.00
C	4 -	~	er	6.00	55.00

3 to 4 ft..... 4 to 5 ft..... 32.50 4.50 42.50 5 to 6 ft..... 6 to 7 ft..... 6.0055.00 7 to 8 ft..... 7.50 70.00 85.00 95.00 Larger Specimens. . \$12.00 to 50.00



P. Strobus, White Pine, 5-6 feet (soil removed to show root growth)

# Retinispora

Retinisporas thrive best in moist soils and situations not too much exposed to wintry gales.

Retinispora Obtusa Compacta. Of beautiful light green, growing in compact form and of dwarf size, this evergreen is a general favorite.

			Each
2	to	3	ft\$ 4.00
3	to	4	ft 5.50
4	to	8	ft\$7.00 to 25.00

R. Filifera. Very graceful, with its long drooping tips, ending in slender tassels. The color is most beautiful green and the shape pyramidal.

2½ to 4 to							
Larger							

R. F. Aurea. This is a dwarf golden variety of the preceding; it is the most graceful of all the Retinisporas; scarce and expensive. Pure gold.

$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.	high \$	8.00
4	to	5	ft.	high\$ 9.00 to	12.00
				high 12.00 to	

R. Pisifera. Fine feathery foliage, with delicate branches.

5	to	6	ft\$ 6.00
12	to	20	ft\$10.00 to 25.00

R. P. Aurea. A beautiful golden form, with same delicate foliage as Pisifera. Growth tesselated and very wavy; vigorous habit. One of the best.

			<b>Specimens</b> \$10.00 to 3	
3	to	4	ft	5.00
2	to	3	ft\$	3.00

R. Plumosa. Light green; soft, feathery plume-like foliage; very graceful habit.

Lar	ger	S	nec:	im	eı	ns							 ВÇ	) (	n (	)	t.	0	50.00	
3	to	$^4$	ft.							 ٠.									4.00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	it.					٠	٠									. \$	3.00	

R. P. Aurea. One of the most beautiful golden evergreens at all seasons.

```
Specimens.....$8.00 to $50.00
```

R. Squarrosa Veitchii. A handsome glaucous tree, striking appearance and color.

Large Specimens......\$7.00 to \$30.00

R. Obtusa Gracilis. A beautiful compact form of obtusa, graceful in habit, rich dark green in color, and lace-like in foliage. A few large specimens; prices on application.

R. Obtusa Nana Compacta—

6 to 8 in.....\$ 2.00

R. Obtusa Nana Aurea. A very slow growing dwarf variety, bronze tinted in winter; golden green in spring dress.

2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft\$ 7.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft
3	to	4	ft\$12.00 to 15.00



Retinispora Pisifera Aurea
(soil removed to show root development)

# Salisburia—Ginkgo

S. Adiantifolia. (Maidenhair Tree). A picturesque tree of rapid growth. The fern-like foliage is rare and beautiful. It is perfectly hardy south of Albany.

6	to	8	ft\$	2.50
8	to	10	ft	3.00
10	to	15	ft\$4.00 to	6.00

# Sciadopitys

Sciadopitys Verticillata (Umbrella Pine). Like many others of our choice plants, this beauty comes from Japan. It is unique among evergreens. The peculiar growth of the leaves in parasol-like whorls gives the variety its name. This tree is hardy as far north as Portland, Me., (according to Prof. Bailey). Its compact conical form, glossy, dark green foliage and adaption to all soils, render it a very desirable tree. We offer a fine stock.

$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft.														. 5	\$	3.00	
2	to	3	ft.																5.00	
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.			è													7.50	
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft.															1	0.00	
4	to	8	ft.							. 8	8	1 2	2.	0	0	t	o	3	5.00	

#### Taxus-Yew

The Yews are very desirable evergreens, densely clothed with dark green foliage. They thrive best in a moderately moist, sandy loam, and endure shade well.

Taxus Baccata. (English Yew). Hardy as far north as Rhode Island and northwestern New York.

Each
18 to 24 in\$ 2.00
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft 4.50
T. B. Elegantissima. (Golden English Yew).
In June and July the leaves of the new
growth are a bright straw-color, rendering the
plant highly effective whether planted alone
or with other evergreens.
1 to 1½ ft. spread\$ 2.25
1 to 1½ ft. spread\$ 2.25 1½ to 2 ft. spread
2 to 2½ ft. spread 4.50
2 to 2½ ft. spread. 4.50 2½ to 3 ft. spread. 6.50
T. B. Washingtonii. One of the richest of the
Yews in form and color.
Specimens
T. Canadensis. This Canadian Yew has the same
low approaching habit on the Towns reported
low, spreading habit as the Taxus repandens.
Color is a lighter green and takes on a reddish tint in winter.
18 to 24 in\$ 2.50
2 to 3 ft
Large Specimens\$10.00 to 20.00
T. Cuspidata Capitata. Japanese. Beautiful up-
right habit; foliage light green, perfectly
plain.
5 to 6 ft\$20.00 to \$25.00 <b>T. C. Brevifolia.</b> Dwarf, compact and very
hardy.
12 to 15 in\$ 3.50
15 to 18 in
15 to 18 in
2½ to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft\$15.00 to 20.00
T. B. Repandens. For a beautiful dwarf spread-
ing form the Taxus Repandens is unsurpassed.
Its beautiful foliage and graceful drooping
branches render it unique among evergreens.
15 to 18 in. broad \$ 3.50
18 to 24 in. broad 4.50
24 to 30 in. broad
"Many a man intensely

"Many a man intensely practical in his own business will give his order to the lowest bidder among competing nurserymen, and waste years looking at sickly, struggling or dying trees, shrubs and perennials about his home, rather than invest a little more money and get satisfaction and joy from the start. Poor stock is dear at any price."-Neltze Blanchan in "The American Flower Garden."

There are good and sufficient reasons stated on page 2 why it will pay you to try Rosedale stock.

## Thuja-Arborvitae

Ornamental evergreen trees of narrow pyramidal habit. Thujas are favorites for formal gardens because of their regular, symmetrical habit. Well adapted for hedges and windbreaks. They thrive best in a somewhat moist, loamy soil; easily transplanted.

Thuja Occidentalis. (American Arborvitae). Beautiful native tree, commonly known as White Cedar. Especially useful for hedges and screens.

		Each	10
	in	\$ 1.25	\$10.00
2 to 2			17.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft	2.50	20.00
	ft		27.50
Larger Spe	cimens\$5.00	to 25.00	

T. O. Globosa. (Globe Arborvitae). A round, compact, dwarf form. Excellent for formal group-

12 to 15 in.....\$1.75 15 to 18 in..... 2.25 20.00 T. O. Hoveyi. (Hovey's Golden Arborvitae). Dwarf seedling from the American. Globular outline and bright green foliage with a golden tinge.

2½ to 3 ft.....\$ 4.50 to 4 ft.... T. O. Pyramidalis. (Pyramidal Arborvitae). The

deep green color and upright pyramidal form of this species render it conspicuous in contrast with other evergreens. It is very hardy and vigorous.

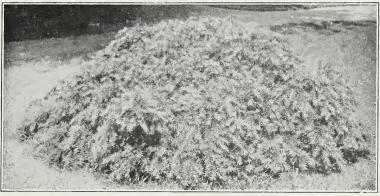
18	to	24	in\$	1.25
2	to	3	ft	2.50
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft	3.00
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	ft	4.00

T. O. Sibirica. It forms a beautiful compact specimen, without shearing; foliage is full and of a peculiar dark green color throughout the vear.

				Each	10
18	to	24	in	.\$ 2.50	\$22.50
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	<b>f</b> t	. 3.00	27.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft	. 3.75	35.00
31/2	t.o	8	ft \$5.50 t	0.12.00	

T. O. Vervaeneana. A distinct and handsome yellow variety of the American Arborvitae. Each

7	to	8	ft\$	8.50
8	to	16	ft\$10.00 to 25	5.00



Taxus Repandens

# Tsuga-Hemlock

Tsuga Canadensis. (American Hemlock). One of the most beautiful native trees; being especially rapid in growth and absolutely hardy, together with the fact that it transplants easily, make it a very useful evergreen. Its fine feathery foliage and graceful habit make it a great favorite. The best evergreen for hedge-planting. It bears the shears well and may be kept at any size and shape. If allowed full sunlight, it will hold its lower branches and remain symmetrically furnished from the ground, thus making a splendid lawn specimen.

				Each	10
12	to	18	in\$	1.50	\$ 13.50
18	to	24	in	2.00	17.50
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	2.50	20.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft	3.50	30.00
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	ft	4.00	37.50
$3\frac{1}{2}$	to	4	$\mathrm{ft}\dots\dots$	5.00	47.50
4	to	5	ft	6.00	57.50
5	to	6	ft	7.50	70.00
6	to	7	$\mathrm{ft}\dots\dots$	10.00	90.00
7	to	8	ft	12.00	115.00
8	to	9	ft	15.00	145.00
9	to	10	ft	18.00	175.00

Larger Specimens, \$20.00 to 60.00

T. Caroliniana. (Southern Hemlock). A native of the mountains of the Southern States. This beautiful tree, with its dark green foliage, makes a great addition to our hardy northern ornamental evergreens.

		Hacii
18 to 24	in	\$ 2.00
8 to 17	ft\$25.00	to 100.00

T. C. Sargentii Pendula. (Sargent's Weeping Hemlock Spruce). Originated at "Wodenethe", Mr. Sargent's estate at Beacon, N. Y.



Tsuga Canadensis-American Hemlock

It has not been as generally planted as it should be, owing to its slow growth and high cost of production. When well grown it

makes a picture. Like most weeping trees, no two plants take quite the same form.

2 to 5 ft. broad

\$6.00 to \$25.00 The Hemlock Spruce is undoubtedly the best coniferous hedge plant, perfectly hardy, bears the shears well, and keeps its rich green color all winter. No matter how severely it is trimmed, its new growth is feathery and graceful. Like the Mahonia, it will succeed in partial shade where other conifers would fail.

Next in rank we would place the Arborvitae as an ornamental evergreen hedge plant. For a very tall hedge, the Norway and White Spruces are especially useful.



Hemlock Hedge planted by us on the Henry Villard Plot, Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, Tarrytown, 10 years after planting.

# Broad-Leaved Evergreens

No class of plants when well grown gives more satisfaction than the broad-leaved Evergreens. They are beautiful at all seasons of the year. Not only does this class include the most gorgeous flowering plants but the foliage of some, in winter, even exceeds its summer beauty especially in the Lencothoe and Mahonia, whose leaves take on the finest shades from bronze to intense scarlet. Our nursery is especially well supplied this year with both large and small sizes of Leucothoe, Mahonia, and Mountain Laurel. All of these plants are native to America.

Andromeda Floribunda. (Syn. Pieris Floribunda).

A dwarf plant with myrtle-like foliage, bearing in early spring in great profusion, pure white flowers resembling Lily of the Valley.

											]	Each
15	to	18	in.	broad							. \$	4.50
18	to	24	in.	broad								6.00
2	to	21/2	ft.	broad								7.50

Berberis Mahonia Aquifolium. (Holly-leaved Mahonia). Beautiful at all seasons of the year; in winter the prickly shiny, purplish leaves turn to the finest bronze and crimson. In spring the whole picture changes—the polished leaves are green again and the bushes are fuller of bee music than any other plant then in bloom. Grows four to five feet high. Take it all in all, we consider the Mahonia one of the most valuable of all shrubs deciduous or evergreen, since it does as well in sun as in the shade. It is perfectly hardy, a most rapid grower, with very attractive yellow flowers in the spring and succeeded by purplish berries in autumn. While it is evergreen, it has what is even better, a most superb brown, rich tone, mingled with the most gorgeous scarlet and crimson, and leaves covered with a brilliant luster-like varnish. It is much improved by keeping it back by occasional clipping as it sometimes has a tendency to straggle.

					Each	10
12	to 15	in		\$	1.00	\$ 8.00
15	to 18	in			1.25	10.00
18	to 24	in			2.00	17.50
2	to 2	½ ft			3.00	27.50
Box H	andsw	orthii—	-			
18	to 24	in			\$2.50	\$22.50
2	to 2	⅓ ft			3.00	27.50
Buxus	Semp	ervirens	-Busl	h box-	_	
8	to 10	in		\$	.75	\$ 6.50
10	to 12	in			1.00	9.00
12	to 20	in		\$1.50 to	2.00	
Darrag	C. A.	++0000	Dorr	adaina		

#### 

The above photo-engraving shows one of our nursery grown Mountain Laurel, with about half of the buds expanded. As they do not all open at once, the blooming period is quite lengthened. Of slow growth, this dwarf evergreen shrub is very useful for foundation planting and bordering of other evergreens.



Mountain Laurel

The Mountain Laurel thrives in any good soil that is not impregnated with lime. Grows well in either sun or shade and is richly clothed with glossy, green leaves tweive months in the year. Add to this its masses of showy flowers in June and you have a shrub par excellence.

Kalmia Latifolia (Monntain Laurel).

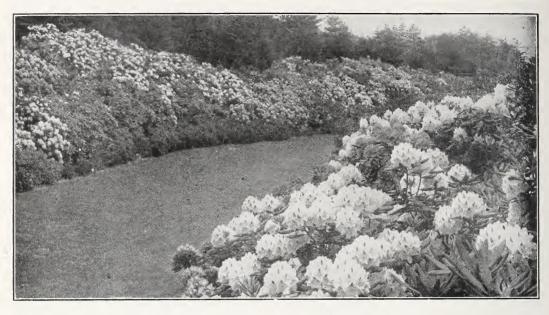
Nursery grown.

				Each	10
12	to	15	in	. \$1.25	\$10.00
15	to	18	in	. 2.00	18.50
18	to	24	in	. 2.50	22.50
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	tt	. 3.00	27.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft	. 4.00	37.50
3	to	31/2	ft	. 5.50	
31/3	to	6	ft\$6.00 to	15.00	

Leucothoe Catesbaei. (Drooping Andromeda).

Most beautiful dwarf shrub for either shade or sun; the long leathery leaves take on a beautiful bronze in autumn and winter. Beautiful for Christmas decorations; dainty racemes of white or pink bell-shaped flowers cover drooping stems in early spring. Prices are very low for bushy plants.

15 to 13	8 in	 1.50 \$12.50
18 to 2	4 in	 2.50 $23.50$
2 to	3 ft	 3.50



Rhododendron - Showiest of All Flowering Shrubs

#### Rhododendron-

American nurserymen have been obliged to import Rhododendron. To procure the cheapest, the Holland stock has been imported, greatly to the detriment of the trade; for the Holland soil and climate, (while adapted to making salable plants in quickest time), are not adapted to making strong and hardy stock.

Our acclimated English grown plants are getting scarce. We have a few choice varieties in mixed sizes as listed below.

R. Catawbiense. Well-budded, b. Nursery grown.	ushy plants. ach 10
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. \$3 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 5 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 7	.00 47.50
Rhododendron Maximum. (Roseba Grown.	y). Nursery
2 to 3 ft	.00 37.50

Collected Plants, well rooted, in car lots of 100 to 300 to a car. Assorted sizes if preferred. Prices on application.

Hybrid Rhododendron. We offer all bushy and well budded, field grown plants from a celebrated English grower. These have been one to five years in our grounds. It is advisable that purchasers name a second choice or simply state the color they desire, as some varieties may be sold out early.

Balled	an	d Bur	lapped								Each
18	to	24	in		 						\$ 3.50
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft		 						5.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$	to	3	ft		 						7.50
3	to	$3\frac{1}{2}$	$\mathrm{ft}\dots$		 						9.50
Larg	er	Specia	nens	 		 \$	10	.0	0	t.o	30.00

Named varieties thoroughly tested for hardiness with temperature at 15 degrees below zero:

Alba Grandiflorum. Blush. Album Elegans. French white. C. S. Sargent. Brilliant red. Chas. Bagley. Bright cherry red. Charles Dickens. Red, shaded crimson. Delicatissimum. Blush-white. Everestianum. Rosy-lilac; large truss. H. H. Hunnewell. Crimson. Lady Armstrong. Pale rose. Lady Grey Egerton. Silvery blush. Mrs. Chas. Sargent. Pink. Mrs. Milner. Rich crimson. Old Port. Plum color. Roseum Elegans. Rose color. Parson's Gloriosa. Lilac. President Lincoln. Rose.

R. Arbutifolium. (Wilsoni). Dwarf pink, 15-18 in., \$3.00 each; 18-24 in., \$4.00 each; 2 to 2½ ft., \$5.00.

#### Vinca Caerulea Minor-

Myrtle Periwinkle, 25c; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per hundred.

Yucca Filimentosa. Adam's Needle, each \$0.50 to \$1.50.

Pachysandra Terminalis. (Japanese spurge). Excellent ground cover in sun or shade.

2 year Plants, strong......\$2.00 \$15.00

When the present large sizes of rhododendron are sold, no more will be available for 10 to 12 years, as none have been imported since 1918. Owing to Quarantine 37 American nurseries will require years to produce any above 2 to 3 feet.



# Deciduous Trees

have attained this reputation because the regular in outline, vigorous growers, and ful in foliage. They adapt themselves to any soil. The Norway Maple is one of the and most largely used of the maples. It pecially desirable for street planting and well near the sea. It is one of the hardid most easily transplanted of all the maple very wet soil use the Plane Tree).	beauti- almost he best t is es- thrives est and
A. Campestris (English Maple)—	
Each 8 to 10 ft\$3.00 10 to 12 ft4.00	10
Acer Dasycarpum. (Silver Maple)— 12 to 14 ft\$2.50 Larger Specimens\$5.00 to 15.00	\$20.00
A. Platanoides. (Norway Maple)—	
1½ to 1¾ in, cali., 12-14 ft. \$2.50	\$20.00
13/4 to 2 in. cali., 12-14 ft 3.25	25.00
2 to 2½ in. cali., 14-16 ft. 4.00	30.00
2½ to 3 in. cali., 16-18 ft. 5.50	45.00
3 to 3½ in. cali., 16-18 ft. 7.00	55.00
3½ to 4 in. cali., 18-20 ft. 9.00	75.00
Larger Specimens \$10.00 to 35.00	
A. P. Schwedlerii. (Schwedler's Maple	e)
15 to 18 ft\$5.50 to \$ 7.50 Larger Specimens 8.00 to 40.00	
A. Saccharum. (Sugar Maple)—	
14 to 16 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 4.00	30.00
	45.00

Choice Specimens...\$6.50 to 45.00

A. Wierii Laciniatum. (Wiers Maple)-12 to 14 ft.....\$3.00 14 to 16 ft..... 5.00 Larger Specimens..\$4.00 to 15.00

The Maples are universally popular. They

ACER (Maple)-

AESCULUS Hippocastaneum.	(Common	White
Horse Chestnut)—		
8 to 10 ft	\$2.75	\$25.00
10 to 12 ft		32.50
Larger Specimens\$4.00		
A. H. Flore Pleno. (Double		
8 to 10 ft		
10 to 12 ft		
12 to 14 ft		
A. H. Rubicunda. (Red Flow		
8 to 10 ft		
10 to 12 ft		
12 to 14 ft		
ARALIA Spinosa—	0.00	
5 to 6 ft	41.00	\$ 9.00
6 to 8 ft		10.00
BETULA (Birch)—	1.29	10.00
Pendula Laciniata. (Cut-leave	d Wooning	
	u weeping	
Birch)—	d:0 =0	\$22.50
8 to 10 ft		32.50
10 to 12 ft		
12 to 14 ft	4.50	40.00
B. Papyraceae. (Paper)—		+ = 0 00
6 to 8 ft		\$10.00
8 to 10 ft		12.50
10 to 12 ft		15.00
Larger Specimens\$4.50 t		
B. Fastigiata. (Pyramidal Bir		
Specimens\$9.00 to	\$30.00	
(Colden Oninion on \$1 500 W	Touth of Th	(2004

#### (Golden Opinion on \$1,500 Worth of Trees) Millbrook, N. Y., August 23, 1921.

Dear Mr. Harris:

All the trees arrived in good condition and they are certainly splendid specimens. We had ideal weather for planting; a nice rain just after they were put in, so I think we are sure not to lose any.

I am very much pleased with the planting as we planned it the day you were here, and the place is entirely changed by it.

HARRY HARKNESS FLAGLER



#### DOGWOOD TREE (Cornus)

#### CARPINUS Betulus. (Hornbeam)-

The habit of growth of the Hornbeams resembles that of the Beech. Its handsome foliage, turns to rich shades of yellow and scarlet in fall. It bears severe pruning and will grow in almost any soil. Excellent for high hedges.

6	to	- 8	ft\$2.00	\$18.00
8	to	10	ft	22.50
$\mathbf{L}$	arg	er	<b>Specimens</b> \$3.00 to 10.00	

#### CARAGANA Arborescens. (Pea Tree)-5 to 7 ft.........\$1.50 to \$2.50

#### CATALPA Speciosa-

Large trees ......\$2.50 to \$7.50 C. Bungei, 1 yr. head selected... 1.50

# CERCIS Canadensis. (Am. Judas Tree)-

5 to 12 ft.....\$1.00 to \$3.50

C.	. Japonica.				(Japanese								Judas						Tree)-		
	3	to	4	ft.															\$1.75		
	4	to	5	ft.															3.00		

#### CHIONANTHUS Virginica. (White Fringe)-

			_	_ \		0 /
4	to	5	ft		\$1.25	\$10.00
5	to	6	ft		1.75	15.00
6	to	12	ft	\$2.00	to 4.00	

#### CORNUS. (Dogwood)-

The Dogwoods-the Harbingers of Springstand almost without a peer. They are among the hardiest and showiest of the flowering plants. The very early bloom, the duration of their wonderful floral display and the profusion of richly tinted foliage in autumn followed by long-persisting scarlet or glowing red berries provide grace of outline and harmony of color the year round.

Because of their medium size the Dogwoods are ideal trees for the smaller places and they fit in the lawn and borders of large plantings with beauty and grace second to none.

#### C. Florida. (White Flowering)-Standard Form

4	to	5	ft.												\$1.50
$\bar{5}$	to	6	ft.												-2.00
6	to	7	ft.												-3.00
7	to	8	ft.												4.00
8	to	10	ft.					 							5.00
L	arg	er	Spe	ciı	me	en	ıs	. :	80	3.	0	0	t	o	15.00

C. Rubra.	(Pink Fl	owering	)
4 to 5 ft		8	\$ 3.50
5 to 6 ft			-5.00
6 to 7 ft			
7 to 8 ft			10.00
Larger S	pecimens	\$12 to	25.00
C. Florida	Flore Ple		ouble

4	to	- 6	ft.	 					. \$	3.50
- 6	to	8	ft.							4.50
-8	to	10	ft.							6.00

#### C Kousa Jananese-

 _			, -		 _							
4	to	5	ft.								. \$	3.50
$\tilde{5}$	to	6	ft.									4.50
6	to	7	ft.							:		6.00
7	to	8	ft.									8.00

#### CRATAEGUS. (Flowering Thorn)—

		Each	10
6 to 8	ft	\$2.00	
8 to 10	ft	3.00	

#### FAGUS-(Beech)-

No tree is better suited for a lawn specimen than the Beech. Its graceful, symmetrical youth develops into a majestic old age with branches growing to the ground. In this regard it excels the oaks, maples and other high-branched trees. Its foliage is rich and glossy. The clean grey bark of the American Beech makes it as ornamental in winter as in summer. Beeches thrive well in shaded places, growing very dense. This feature makes them splendidly adaptable for hedges—especially the European Beech.

#### F. Americana, American Beech-

5	to 6	ft\$2.50	\$22.50
6	to 7	ft 3.50	<b>32.5</b> 0
7 t	to 12	ft\$4.00 to 6.00	

#### F. Incisa and F. Heterophylla. (Cut and Fernleaved Beech)—

í	to	- 6	ft	\$3.50	\$32.50
;	to	1.0	ft\$4.00	to 15.00	

#### F. Sylvatica, European-

~,-			, —	
5	to	6	ft\$2.00	\$17.50
6	to	-8	ft 3.00	27.50
8	to	10	ft 4.00	37.50
L	arg	er	<b>Specimens</b> \$4.50 to 15.00	

#### F. Purpurea. (River's Purple)—

5	to	6	ft.						:	\$ 4.50
-6	to	12	ft.			 . :	\$5	.00	to	10.00

#### F. Purpurea Rosea Marginata Tricolor-6 to 8 ft.....\$4.00 to \$5.00

#### F. Pendula. (Weeping)-

**Specimens.....**\$9.00 to \$35.00

#### FRAXINUS—(Ash)—

#### F. Americana. (American Ash)—

					$$17.50 \\ 22.50$
Even	leior.	_Furo	naan		

 				- L	,		
8	to	10	ft			\$1.25	\$10.00
10	to	12	ft			1.50	12.50
12	to	16	ft			2.50	22.50

JUGLANS—	
J. Nigra. (Black Walnut)-	
8 to 10 ft\$2.75 10 to 12 ft3.50	
J. Regia, English—	
4 to 5 ft\$2.50 5 to 6 ft	
6 to 7 ft	
J. Sieboldiana Cordiformis (Japanese W	Valnut)—
5 to 7 ft	
8 to 10 ft	
KOELREUTERIA Paniculata (Varnish	Tree)
7 to 8 ft\$2.50 8 to 10 ft 3 00	
8 to 10 ft	
LABURNUM Vulgare (Golden Chain Laburnum)—	
8 to 10 ft	
LIQUIDAMBER Styraciflua. (Sweet G 6 to 8 ft\$2.50	um)—
8 to 10 ft	
Larger Specimens \$4.00 to 20.00	,
LIRIODENDRON Tulipifera. (Tulip To 6 to 8 ft\$1.75	ree)—
8 to 10 ft	
	and Davi
MAGNOLIA. Chinese Varieties—Ball lap—	ana Bur-
We have in stock a few choice varieti sizes. Prices furnished on request.	es in odd
MORUS (Mulberry)—	
6 to 8 ft\$1.50	
8 to 10 ft	
8 to 10 ft	
8 to 10 ft	s, no in-
8 to 10 ft	factories.
8 to 10 ft	factories.
8 to 10 ft	factories.
8 to 10 ft	factories. ear light \$20.00
8 to 10 ft	factories. ear light \$20.00 25.00
8 to 10 ft	factories. ear light \$20.00
8 to 10 ft	\$20.00 25.00 35.00
8 to 10 ft	\$20.00 25.00 35.00
8 to 10 ft	\$20.00 25.00 35.00
8 to 10 ft	#20.00 25.00 35.00 * 7.50
8 to 10 ft	\$20.00 25.00 35.00
8 to 10 ft	*20.00 25.00 35.00 *7.50
8 to 10 ft	\$20.00 25.00 35.00 * 7.50 12.5% 17.50
8 to 10 ft	*20.00 25.00 35.00 - - * 7.50 12.5% 17.50
8 to 10 ft	\$20.00 25.00 35.00 * 7.50 12.5% 17.50
8 to 10 ft	\$20.00 25.00 35.00 * 7.50 12.50 17.50 \$30.00 40.00
8 to 10 ft	\$20.00 25.00 35.00 \$7.50 12.59 17.50 \$30.00 40.00 \$17.50
8 to 10 ft	\$20.00 25.00 35.00 35.00 * 7.50 12.50 17.50 \$30.00 40.00 \$17.50
8 to 10 ft	\$20.00 25.00 35.00 \$7.50 12.59 17.50 \$30.00 40.00 \$17.50



Pin Oak

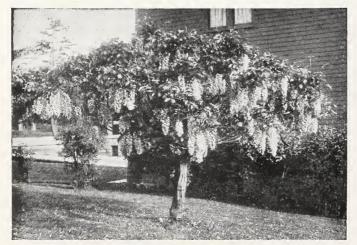
PRUNUS	S Persica. (Double Flowering Peach)—
5 to	7 ft\$1.50
PYRUS.	(Flowering Crab)—In variety.
3 to	4 ft\$1.75
4 to	5 ft 2.25
5 to	6 ft
6 to	10 ft\$3.00 to 6.50
QUERCU	JS (Oaks)—

The Oaks, especially when they attain size, are the most picturesque of all trees symbolizing strength and durability. Their reputation as slow growers is not warranted, for when once established, they will make a yearly growth equal to that of almost any other species.

Pin Oak is a superb and distinct tree. Its graceful, drooping branches support a mass of deeply-lobed, sharp-pointed leaves, changing to deep red in autumn. Jack Frost has never shown greater skill than in the rich, deep coloring of the Pin and Scarlet Oaks.

Q. Palustris (Pin Oak)—	
Each	10
6 to 8 ft\$2.25	\$20.00
8 to 10 ft 3.00	25.00
10 to 12 ft 3.50	30.00
Larger Specimens. \$4.00 to 30.00	
Q. Pyramidalis (Pyramidal)—	
6 to 8 ft\$5.00	
8 to 10 ft 7.00	
Q. Rubra (Red)—	
6 to 8 ft\$1.75	*15.00
8 to 10 ft	22.50
10 to 12 ft 3.50	32.50
Larger Specimens\$4.50 to 35.00	

SALIX (The Willows)—		Vines	
Each Wills	10		
S. Babylonica. (Weeping Willow)— 6 to 8 ft	\$ 9.00	Actinidia— Each	10
8 to 10 ft	12.50	4 to 5 ft	\$ 4.50
Larger Specimens\$2.00 to 6.00		5 to 6 ft	6.00
S. Britzensis. (Bark Brilliant Red)—			*****
8 to 10 ft\$2.00	\$17.50	Akebia Quinata— 5 to 6 ft\$ .50	\$ 4.00
10 to 12 ft 3.00		6 to 8 ft	6.00
S. Elegantissima. (Thurlow's Willow)—	*****	Ampelopsis Quinquefolia (Virginia Creep	
8 to 10 ft\$2.00	\$17.50	2-year\$ .30	\$ 2.50
Larger Specimens\$3.00 to 6.00		Veitchii (Boston Ivy)—	
S. Pentandra. (Laurel Leaved)— 8 to 10 ft\$2.00	\$17.50	2-year\$ .40	\$ 3.50
Larger Specimens\$3.00 to 6.00	ψ11.00	Aristolochia (Dutchman's Pipe)—	
S. Vitellina Aurea. (Golden Bark Willow	)	Heavy\$1.25	\$10.00
Large Specimens \$5.00 to \$12.00	,	Bignonia (Tecoma) (Trumpet Vine)—	5 4 00
SORBUS— (Mt. Ash)—Oak Leaved—		3 to 4 ft., 3-year	\$ 4.00 6.50
8 to 10 ft\$2.50		4 to 6 ft., 4-year	0.50
10 to 12 ft		Celastrus Scandens (Bittersweet)— 3 to 4 ft\$ .50	\$ 4.50
TILIA (Linden)—		4 to 5 ft	6.50
T. American—		6 to 8 ft\$1.00 to 1.50	
8 to 10 ft\$2.25	\$20.00	Celastrus Articulatus (Japanese Bittersv	veet)—
10 to 12 ft	30.00	Same prices as above.	/
12 to 14 ft 4.50	42.50	Clematis Paniculata—	
T. Platyphyllos (Broad-leaved Linden)—		2-year\$ .50	\$ 4.00
10 to 12 ft\$3.50	\$30.00	3-year	6.50
12 to 14 ft 5.00	35.00	Large-flowered Varieties, 2-yr75	6.50
Larger Specimens\$6.00 to 8.00		Euonymus Radicans and Variegata—	\$ 3.00
T. Europea Rubra (Red-twigged)—		* .35 <b>XX</b>	φ 3.00 4.00
10 to 12 ft\$3.00	\$25.00	XXX	5.00
Larger Specimens\$7.50 to \$25.00		Vegetus, heavy50c to 1.50	
T. Argentea (White-leaved Weeping)—		Hedera (English Ivy)—	
10 to 12 ft\$4.00	\$35.00	3 to 4 ft., (4 in. pots)\$ .60	\$ 5.00
ULMUS (Elm)—		2 to 3 ft., field grown	2.50
U. American—		Honeysuckle-	+ 2.00
8 to 10 ft\$1.25	\$10.00	3 to 4 ft., \$15 per 100\$ .25	\$ 2.00 3.00
10 to 12 ft	15.00	4 to 6 ft., \$20 per 100	3.50
12 to 14 ft	20.00	Kudzu Vine (Mile-a-Minute Vine)—	0.00
14 to 16 ft	27.50	(Dolichos) \$ .35	\$ 3.00
		Lycium (Matrimony Vine)\$ .50	\$ 4.50
U. Huntingdoni. (Huntington's Elm)— Specimens\$8.50 to \$15.00		XX	6.50



Wisteria in Tree Form

Wistaria—	
Chinese \$ .75	\$ 6.50
<b>XX</b> 1.00	
<b>XXX</b> \$1.25 to 7.50	

# Shrubs in Tree Form

Acacia	\$1.50	to	\$2.00
Althea	1.00	to	2.00
Caragana	1.00	to	2.50
Forsythia	1.00	to	3.00
Hydrangea	1.00	to	3.00
Lilac	2.00	to	5.00
Wistaria	1.00	to	10.00

Winsted, Conn., April 14, 1921

Dear Sir:

Last year I purchased of you forty-two (42) flowering shrubs and vines. Every one lived and flourished.

MRS. J. S. BUSWELL

Vines are among the most useful plants whether for ground cover, arbors, porches or walls. For walls use English Ivy and Euonymous. Euonymous vegetus is attractive not only for its ever-

For walls use English Ivy and Euonymous. Euonymous vegetus is attractive not only for its evergreen foliage but for the orange colored berries, giving it the name Evergreen Bittersweet.

For porches and arbors use Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle, growing in sun or partial shade, and Clematis paniculata in full sun. These vines are attractive both in flower and foliage and are very rapid in growth. The Trumpet vine will decorate tall trees or posts and the Bittersweets (Celastrus), while not as tall, are very attractive with the orange colored berries in autumn, feeding the birds in winter. Virginia Creeper (Ampelopsis quinquefolia) festooning fences and trees is especially attractive in its ground trumpel color. But the contractive of all was the Wictories and trees in the street was a supercontractive of the contractive of the winter in the supercontractive of the contractive of the winter in the supercontractive of the contractive of the contractive of the winter of the contractive of the winter of the contractive of the cont ially attractive in its scarlet autumnal color. But most gorgeous of all are the Wisterias, useful in many ways.

For ground cover use Pachysandra and Vinca, see pages 9 and 10; also Euonymous, see page

GLADIOLUS IN MIXTURE

Named Gladiali

Named Gladioli		GLADIOLUS IN MIXTURE
2 (111111111111111111111111111111111111		<b>10</b> 100
10	100	Gold Medal Section No. 1. This
America. A beautiful, soft flesh-		contains all the scarlet, blood-red,
pink\$	.65 \$ 5.00	garnet, amaranth, and similar rich
Baron Hulot or Blue King. A really		shades of color in great diver-
fine blue Gladiolus, in color a rich,		sity\$ .60 \$ 5.00
royal violet blue 1	.10 10.00	Gold Medal Section No. 2. This is
Brenchleyensis. A most effective		composed of the white, yellow
	.55 4.50	and delicate shades of pink, rose,
Chicago White. Pure white, lightly		etc
marked with lavender; fine fur		Gold Medal Mixture. This contains
	.65 5.00	some each of the three sections,
cutting	.00	and so great is the diversity in
Empress of India. Rich velvety	.85 6.50	colors that customers run practi-
	.85 6.50	eally no risk of getting any two
Kunderdi Glory Large creamy		alike; by far the finest mixture of
white flowers with crimson stripe		Gladioli ever offered
in center of each petal; ends of	05 550	Popular Mixture 3.00
P	.85 7.50	Primulinus Hybrids. Beautiful flow-
Lovliness. Very large flowers of		ers, mostly in tones running from
creamy-white, suffused with soft		light yellow to orange, apricot
pink; a lovely variety 1	.00 8.00	and crimson. "The last word in
Mrs. Francis King. A striking		dainty decorations',
shade of light scarlet or flame		·
color	.65 5.00	
Mrs. Frank Pendleton. All experts		
agree that this is one of the finest		
varieties yet introduced. In color		
a lovely salmon-pink with bril-		
liant deep red blotches in the		
throat	.85 7.50	A STATE OF THE STA
Mrs. Watt. A most distinct and		
beautiful sort, of a rich deep		
cherry-red	.85   7.00	
Niagara. A charming variety, of a		
delicate cream-yellow, lightly		
marked and splashed with rosy-		
carmine in the throat	.85 7.50	
Panama. A favorite wherever high-		
grade varieties are grown; in		
	.85 7.50	
Peace. Immense pure white flowers		
with a touch of carmine in the		
	.85 7.50	
Pink Perfection. This magnificent		
sort is a soft apple-blossom pink		
	.25 12.00	Make the state of
Prince of Wales. Delicate apricot	95 10.00	Gladioli
	.25 10.00	Little Rock, Ark., April 2, 1921.
Princeps. Immense wide-open		Dear Mr. Harris:
amaryllis-like flowers of a rich, dazzling scarlet, marked with		The Barberry Hedge plants were received in
	.00 8.00	good order and are all growing nicely. They had
Yellow Hammer. Pure yellow,	0	the finest root system I have ever seen on plants
lightly marked with red in the		and I thank you for the quality sent me.
	.00 8.00	GEO. R. MANN

# Deciduous Flowering Shrubs

Note 1. We have in addition to sizes priced below, in most varieties, large specimens that are broad and bushy, and with a fine root system, developed from frequent transplanting. Our customers have found that these large shrubs can be as safely moved as the smaller sizes. Sizes ranging from 4 to 8 feet. Write for prices of these \* sizes.

Note 2. Quantity Prices.

On orders of 5 or more of a kind amounting to \$25, we allow a discount of 10%.

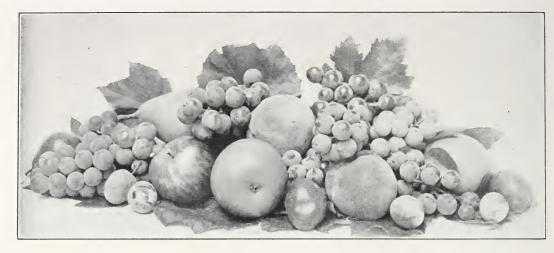
On orders of 5 or more of a kind amounting to \$50, we allow a discount of 15%.

On orders of 5 or more cf a kind amounting to \$100 or more, we allow a discount of 20%.

ote 2) 3-4 ft	75 75 4.00	4.00	000000	4.50	1.50	75	1.25	65 65 65 00.1	55 65	60 75 75 75	1.00 1.00	75 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	1.00
see No. 2-3 3	3.00	3.00	000000	3.50	1.00	200	1.00	50 50 50 75	1.00	20002	600	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	75 75 20
Prices (See Note 11/2-2 2-3 3-4	2.00	2.00		2.50	20				65 75 60	3 6	20 09		09
Color Season REMARKS	Rose	Red. May-June Probably the showiest	Variegated Red Yellow. Red	Violet Ked May-June Apple Blos'm April & May. Flowers in foliage	Yellow	Volet. June Flowers and wood fragrant. Checolate. June Flowers hea shaped. Yellow. May. Although the foliage and flowers fol	WhiteJune	White	Pink.   White	Pink. June n. June Dumle Tune	ellowMay	ated	WhiteJuly to Sept. \$1.00 to \$3.00 each YellowJuly to Oct. Bright green branches. YellowJuly to Oct. Handsome, double 2-3 ft; \$12.00 per hun. 3'-4' \$15.
Height	1072	: :	 HH0000 1447677	 3.2-5 3-6-5	9	∞ œ ∞ : : : :	12 6		% c1 co c	∞∞∞∞ :::::	 		
MMON NAME	Almond	White AzaleaFlame Azalea	Koster Azalea Glent Azaleas	Southern Azalea	Barberry	Butterfly Bush. Carolina Allspice. Pea Tree.	White Fringe (See also Deciducus Trees) Sweet Pepper Bush	Scarlet Twigged Cornus Red Osier Dogwood Red Siberian Dogwood Purnle-leaved Filbert.	Double Flowered Deutzis Slender-branched Deutzis	Weigelia	Weigelia Weigelia Japan Oleaster Cork Barked Euonymous	Pearl Bush. Glolden Bell. Silver Bell Tree. Rose of Sharon. Double Red Althea. Single White Althea Bouble Varlegated. Snowball Hydrangea.	Globe Flower
On orders of 5 or more of a kind and BOTANICAL NAME CO		Azalea ArborescensAzalea Calendulacea	Azalea Mollis Consul Ceresole	Azalea Rembrandt	*Berberis Thunbergii	Buddleia Bush Bush Butterffy Bush Galycanthus Floridus Carolina Allspice Caragana Arborescens.	*Chionanthus Virginica	Coruts Anniona Coruts Sanguinea Coruts Stolonifera Coruts Stolonifera Coruts Siberica Coruts S	Deutzia Granifa.  Deutzia Gracilis, dwarf.  Slender-branched Deutzia *Deutzia Gracilis, Rosea.	Deutzia Lemoinei Deutzia Pride of Rochester Diervilla Amabalis Diervilla Floribunda	Diervilla Eva Rathke	Exochorda Grandiflora Forsytha (in variety) Forsytha (in variety) Forsytha (in variety) Forsytha (in variety) Forsytha (Golden Bell) Fulbiscus Syriacus, J. d'Arc. Forsy Forc. Forsy Forc. Forsy Forc. Forsy Forc. Forsy Forc.	Hýdrangea Panic, Grandiflora

17

		ROSEDALE	anons			-
3.4 ft 3.4 ft 50 50 75 60 50 50	25. 1.00 25. 25. 26. 27. 27. 27. 27.	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	60 62	1.1000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.50 75 1.00 7.50 7.57 7.57 7.57 7.50	75
See 7.35 335 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	60 50 75 75 60 60 60	75 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	50	75 600 600 600 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	1.50 60 1.00 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	28
Prices (See N 11/2-2 2-3 35 50 40 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	09	O O			,75	
rries, all winter form of Ibota. ack berries, all winter no honeysuckle ed fruit owing shrub for screen. tractive both in flower and	White Fragrant White May & June Very highly scented. White May & June Golden yellow follage. White May & June A new variety—Dwarf Yell. White June Black berries persist. White Black berries persist. White June Black berries persist. June & July Flowers followed by feathery seed ves-	Rose Purple. May. Grows in full shade  Dark Crim. June to Oct. Grows in full shade  Rose. July & Aug. Red berries; grows well in shade  White. May-June. Very double  Rose. Right autumn color; grows in sun or shade  Rothite. May-June High autumn color; grows in sun or shade  Rothite. Roth autumn color; grows in sun or shade  Rothite. Roth autumn color; grows in sun or shade		Winte June Purple June June June June June June June June	White May bark berries persist grows in sun or shade in poor ground.  White June Red-black berries; will grow in wet. shady places.  Shady places.  White Jane Bark blue berries.  White May Red fruit persistent.  White May Pruit oval and black.  White May & Line Red fruit lift foot.  White June Balls often 3" across.	JuneFruit deep
	F-80000000	4000000 c	7	2	5 6 6 0×6 90	· ∞
COMMON NAME         Height in ft.           Japanese Privet         8           Regels Privet         10           Common Privet         10           Upright Honeysuckle         8           Japanese Honeysuckle         6           Tartarian Honeysuckle         8           White Tartarian         10           White Tartarian         10           Dwarf Horse Chestnut         6	Mock Orange—Syringa Common Mock Orange Golden Syringa Large Flowered Syringa. Double Syringa Lemoine's Syringa White Kerria	Odoratus Thimbleberry Anthony Waterer Meadow Sweet Billandi Billandi Spirea Opulifolia Nine Bark Prunifolia Aurea Golden-leaved Nine Bark Thunbergii Bridal Wreath		:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Maple-leaved Vil-urnum. Withe Rod Arrow Wood Alp. Bush Cranberry Wayfaring Tree Sheepberry Sheepberry High Bush Cranberry Anan Snowball	Single Jap. Snowball
BOTANICAL NAME COMMON NAME H  *Ligustrum Ibota. Japanese Privet.  *Ligustrum Regelianum. Regels Privet.  *Ligustrum Vulgaris. Common Privet.  *Lonicera Fragrardissima. Upright Honeysuckle.  *Lonicera Tartarica Rosea. Tartarian Honeysuckle.  *Lonicera T Abba. White Tartarian.  *Pavia Macrostachya.	*Philadelphus Avalanche Mock Orange—Syringa Philadelphus Coronarius Common Mock Orange—Philadelphus Aurea Golden Syringa Philadelphus Bouquet Blanc Large Flowered Syringa Philadelphus Bouquet Blanc Double Syringa Philadelphus Lemoinei Lemoine's Syringa Rhodotypus Kerroides White Kerria Rhus Cotinus.	Rubus Odoratus. *Spirea Anthony Waterer *Spirea Billardii *Spirea Opulifolia. *Spirea Opulifolia Aurea Spirea Prunifolia *Spirea Thunbergii	*Spirea van noutte	Deponica   Deponica	Vaccinium Corymbosum Naple-leaved Viburnum Acerifolium. Maple-leaved Viburnum Cassanoides. Withe Rod *Viburnum Diatatum Jan. Bush Civiburnum Lantana Sheebberry Viburnum Pulicatum Sheebberry Viburnum Pilicatum Janan Snowb)	*Viburnum Tomentosum Weigelia—See Diervilla



# Choice Fruits

Date of fruiting for Tarrytown; would vary in other localities.

We consider ourselves fortunate that we are able to offer nearly our usual list of fruits, for there has never been such a shortage in the country in nearly all kinds.

Only those who order early from any nursery will be able to secure the varieties desired. Extreme scarcity of fruits this year is due to the war which decreased the demand and the labor supply two years ago, when many of these fruits should have been started.

TO AVOID DELAY IN CORRESPONDENCE, therefore, it would be well for customers to name a few substitutes in case their first choice should be sold.

# **Apples**

DWARF AND STANDARD

#### Summer

Early Harvest. Yellow. July and Aug.
Golden Sweet. Large, yellow. Aug. and Sept.
Red Astrachan. Crimson, streaked yellow. July
and Aug.

Sweet Bough. Pale yellow. August.
Yellow Transparent. Skin pale yellow, sub-acid.
August.

#### Autumn

Bismarck. Red and yellow; hardy, very early. Fall Pippin. Yellow, fine baking. Dec. Fameuse. (Snow Apple). Deep crimson; flesh snowy white; dessert. Nov. to Jan. Gravenstein. Red and yellow. Sept. and Oct. Oldenburg, Duchess of. Red and yellow; bears young. Aug. and Sept. Wealthy. Dark red and yellow; flesh white, sub-acid. Oct.

#### Winter

Baldwin. Bright red; very productive.
Delicious. Brilliant dark red; sweet, juicy.
R. I. Greening. Constant bearer; best cooking.
Grimes' Golden. Rich golden yellow. Jan. to
Apr.

Hendrick Sweet. Red. Nov. to Apr.
McIntosh. Dark red. Flesh white. Nov. to Feb.
Newtown Pippin. One of the best. Nov. to
June

Northern Spy. Yellow striped red. Until June. N. W. Greening. Flesh yellow, fine grained, firm. Rambo. Yellow and red. Oct. to Jan. Rome Beauty. Yellow and bright red. Dec. to Mar.

Roxbury Russet. Green and russet color. Spitzenburg. (Esopus). Deep red; flesh yellow. Stayman Winesap. Dark red; sub-acid. Sutton Beauty. Waxen yellow. Jan. to Feb. Talman's Sweet. Whitish-yellow, tinged red. Twenty Ounce. Striped; cooking. Oct. to Sept. Winter Banana. Pale yellow, tint red.

# **Dwarf Apples**

Our stock of Dwarf Apples is quite complete. Some of the trees bore this year a dozen or more apples each in the nursery row.

Delicious.

McIntosh

Delicious.
Duchess of Oldenburg.
Fameuse.
Gravenstein.

Greening.

Northern Spy. Red Astrachan. Wealthy. Yellow Transparent.

# Crab Apples

Hyslop. Beautiful in flowers; crimson. Oct.
 Montreal Beauty. Yellowish green to red. Late.
 Transcendent. Red and yellow. Sept.

#### Prices of Fruits

Many T	rees of	Bearing	Size.
--------	---------	---------	-------

Many Trees of Bearing Size.	
No charge for boxing or packing. 100 1,000 rates on application.	and
Each	10
Apples. First-class, 5 to 7 ft\$ .75 First-class 7 to 10 ft.\$1.25 to 2.50	\$ 7.00
Dwarf—	
3 to 4 ft\$1.50 4 to 8 ft\$2.00 to 4.50	\$14.00
Cherries, Sweet—	
First-class, 5-7 ft\$1.50 XXX, 6-9 ft., trans. \$1.75 to 3.00	
Cherries, Sour-	
4 to 6 ft., trans\$1.00 to \$2.00  Peaches—	
1-year, 4-6 ft	4.00
1-year, 4-6 ft	
	13.50
Standard, 5 to 7 ft 1.50 XXX, Transplanted\$2.00 to 4.00	10.00
Dwarf, 2 to 3 ft	7.50
Plums	
First-class, 5 to 7 ft 1.50 XXX. 7-10 ft., trans., \$1.75 to 5.00	13.50
Quinces-	
First-class. XX	11.50
Grapes—	
First-class, 2-year	$\frac{4.00}{6.50}$
Empire State, Gaertner, Winchel-	
2-year	6.50
3-year 1.00	9.00
<b>Asparagus</b> , per 100 \$1.50	
Blackberries, per 100 \$7.00	$\frac{1.50}{2.50}$
Currants—Two year.	
Fay's Prolific Perfection	$\frac{2.50}{3.00}$
Gooseberries	3.00
Raspberries—	
Cuthbert, per 100 \$7.00	$\frac{.80}{2.00}$
Herbert, per 100 \$9.00	1.50
Rhubarb—Myatt's LinnaeusXXX	

# Apricot

Moorpark. One of the largest. Firm, juicy; yellow with red cheek; very productive; an old dependable variety. August. \$1.00.



Sweet Cherry

#### Cherries

The Cherry succeeds well in dry soils and is susceptible of being trained in a great variety of forms.

#### Sweet

Bing. Almost black. Early June.
Tartarian. Black, last of June.
Governor Wood. White; shaded red. June.
Napoleon Biggarreau. Pale yellow cheek. Last of June.
Windsor. Dark red. Early July.
Schmidt. Glossy black. Early July.
Deyhouse. Bright red. Early June.

#### Sour

Early Richmond. Dark red. June.
May Duke. Red. Sub-acid. Middle of June.
English Morello. Very dark red. Last of July.
Morency. Clear bright red. Ten days later than Early Richmond.

ONE CANNOT BUY FRUIT that compares with that grown at home; for of necessity it must be picked green lest it rot before reaching the consumer.

Picked fresh from the tree the day it is at its best, adds 25 per cent. to the flavor.

Grow your own Peaches, Cherries, Grapes and Berries where possible.



Pear Tree, six feet high, which matured thirtyone nice pears in the nursery

#### Select Pears

We offer a well tested list of Pears. In addition to the two-year-old trees usually sold, we offer in most varieties four and five year trees transplanted.

With well developed roots, these extra size trees will soon come into bearing. In fact, some of them have borne fruit in the nursery the past year, one tree matured thirty-one pears.

Dwarf varieties are those budded on quince stock, all particularly desirable for gardens. Many fruit growers find them profitable for market. Like the dwarf apples, they are easy to prune and spray and the fruit is easily gathered. Orchardists find a combination of dwarfs and standards profitable.

\*Indicates both dwarf and standard,

#### Summer

\*Bartlett. One of the best known Pears. Early September.

\*Clapp's Favorite. Resembles Bartlett, ripening a few days earlier.

Tyson. Good size, juicy and sweet. August.

#### Autumn

Bosc (Beurre Bosc). Large, russety Pear. Oct. \*Duchess d'Angouleme. Attams perfection as a dwarf. Very large.

Howell. Yellow, sweet. October.

\*Kieffer. Golden-yellow; bears young. Oct. and Nov.

\*Seckel. Strong grower and good bearer.

\*Worden Seckel. Large fruit. Oct. to Dec.

Sheldon. Large round, russet and red; very jniev, melting and vinous. Oct.

#### Winter

\*Anjou. Large, handsome, buttery; an excellent bearer; keeps until Christmas.

Lawrence Golden-yellow, medium size, and abundant bearer. Nov. to Jan.

Winter Nelis. Medium size, dull russet; rich fine flavor, good bearer. Nov. to Jan.

## Plums

#### Selected, First-Class

Coe's Golden Drop. Light yellow. Last of Sept. Grand Duke. Violet-red. Sept. and Oct.

Imperial Gage. Yellowish-green; flesh rich and sweet; very productive. Middle of August.

Shropshire Damson. Dark purple;; excellent for preserving.

Yellow Egg. Yellow Plum. Last of Aug.

#### Japanese Varieties

Abundance. Large amber; sweet. July. Burbank. Cherry red, good bearer. Early Sept. October Purple. Large purple, vellow flesh. Very late.

Wickson. Glowing carmine. Sept.

#### Peaches

## Selected Trees, First-Class

Belle of Georgia. Flesh white. Midseason.

Carman. Pale yellow, with deep blush. Aug. Chair's Choice. Deep yellow, red cheek. Aug.

Champion. White, Mid-season. Freestone. Crawford's Late. Superb yellow Peach. Middle

of Sept.

Crosby. Orange-yellow; ripens with Elberta. Elberta. Flesh yellow, juicy. Ripens between Crawford Early and Late.

Foster. An improved Early Crawford. Greensboro. Flesh white, juicy and excellent. Verv early.

Hill's Chili. Deep yellow. First of Sept. Creamy white. Iron Mountain. Late. hardy

J. H. Hale. New, early large size. Early Sept. Morris White. Dull creamy white, tinged with red, flesh white. Sept.

Mountain Rose. Large, red Peach, with white

flesh. Niagara. Surpasses both Elberta and Crawford

in size, color, quality and vigor. Early Sept. Old Mixon Free. White and red. Ripens with Crawfords Early.

Rochester. Yellow. Early. Introduced 1912. Highly recommended where known.

Steven's Rareripe. White. Middle of Sept.

Stump the World. Red and white, good size. Middle of Sept.

Willet. Yellow. Free. Last of Sept.

Schenectady, N. Y., April 29, 1921.

The trees arrived in due time and in fine condition. They were fine stock and are growing MRS. CHARLES MARTIN nicely.



Erskine Park Seedless

Hawthorne, N. Y., Dec. 10, 1921.

Dear Sir:

You will be able to recall that you filled a small order for trees, vines and bushes for me in the spring of 1919. From a single vine of two year stock of Worden grape, planted in May, 1919, I picked in September, 1921 over one-half bushel of choice grapes of large, compact bunch and of large, luscious berries.

Those viewing the vine this fall have greatly admired fruit and vine. I am much pleased with the quality of stock as well as its vigorous (REV.) JOHN BLACK

growth.

# Quinces

\*Orange. Large, round, golden yellow. Oct.
\*Rea's Mammoth. Large fine variety of the Orange Quince; vigorous and productive. \*Champion. Large, oval, bears very young.

#### Currants

Fay's Prolific. Probably the best red currant. Less acid than the Cherry, excellent flavor. very productive.

Perfection. (New). Red, rich, mild sub-acid.

# Raspberries

Culture same as that of Blackberries. Blackcap varieties should be shortened to within 6 or 8 inches of the main stock in pruning.

Red Varieties.

Cuthbert. Medium to large; deep, rich crimson; firm and of good quality. One of the best me-

dium to late varieties.

Raspberry, Erskine Park Everbearing. This berry does not begin to fruit until the ordinary varieties are through, fruiting in the new canes and continuing right up to frost. The berries are large, fine and of excellent flavor. As to hardiness, it has stood 20° below zero without protection. Originated at Lenox, Mass.

St. Regis. Large berries.

Black Varieties

Gregg. Large and of excellent quality; seasonmedium.

Kansas. Very large and firm, and of excellent quality; hardy and very prolific.

#### Blackberries

#### ERSKINE PARK SEEDLESS

It originated on the Westinghouse estate in the Berkshires, at an elevation of 1,000 feet above sea level. The superintendent of the estate, Mr. Norman, writes as follows: ''This Blackberry, sported ''This Blackberry, sported from Kittatinny, was first brought to my notice by reason of its hardiness. We always tie the canes up to their fruitstalks in the fall, never protect them at all, and, as you know, they fruit right out to the tips of 6-foot canes. I do not grow any other variety

for its long fruiting season enables me to trust to the variety alone. The fruit is the largest berry I know, fine flavor, no core,

no seeds.

yder. Exceedingly hardy and productive. Very few seeds; no hard core. Snyder.

Blowers. Very large and sweet.

# Hardy Grapes

#### Black Varieties

Campbell's Early. Ripens early, keeps well. Concord. Well-known; succeeds everywhere. Mcore's Early. Desirable for early crop. Worden. Seedling of Concord, ten days earlier. Superior to it in flavor, but does not bear shipping so well.

Red Varieties. Bunches large. Ripens early. Agawam. Early, vigorous and productive. Sweet and vinous. Perfectly hardy. Brighton. Delaware. Gaertner. Sweet, pleasant; very showy. Lindley. Flesh, tender, with rich aromatic

flavor.

Salem. Ripens with Concord.

#### White Varieties.

Empire State. Yellowish green, one of the best table grapes.

Moore's Diamond. Yellowish, very juicy.

Pale green; sweet; ripens with Con-Niagara.

Winche'l (Green Mountain). The earliest white.

# Asparagus

Barr's Mammoth. Large green variety, excellent for a market sort.

Columbian Mammoth. A vigorous white variety

of excellent quality.

Conover's Collosal. Large shoots; of vigorous growth.

Palmetto. Larger than the Conover's and a heavier vielder.

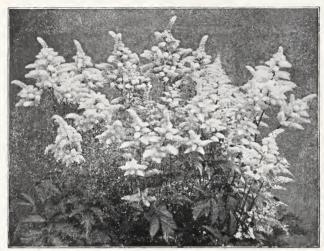
#### Rhubarb

Plant 3 feet apart each way. Fertilize well late in the fall, spading in the fertilizer in the spring.

Myatt's Linnaeus. Large, early, tender.

# Hardy Perennials

From the beginning the Rosedale Nurseries have made a leading specialty of Perennials. While we do not carry a large number of varieties, yet we grow a very select list of the best and hardiest. Heavy, 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per ten; \$18 per 100; Extra Heavy, \$3.00 per ten; except as noted.; Five of a kind at ten rate. In some varieties, also very large clumps at 50 cents each. Numbers indicate approximate height in feet. Time of bloom is indicated by initial letter of the



Astilbe. A good collecting agency for Rose Bugs

Achillea Ptarmica fl. pl., The Pearl. White, June, July. 3.

Aconitum. (Monkshood, \$3.00 per ten), Blue, Aug., Sept. 4.

Alyssum Compactum. (Basket of Gold.) Yellow. June. 1.

Anchusa. (Alkanet).

Italica. (Dropmore Variety, \$3.00 per 10), Blue. June, July. 3.

Anemone. (Wind Flower). Aug., Sept., Oct. 2. Japonica Alba. White.

Var. Queen Charlotte. Pink.

Var. Whirlwind. White.

Aquilegia. (Columbine.) Beautiful in flower and foliage. May. 2.

California Hybrids. Mixed colors.

Chrysantha. Yellow.

Caerulea. Blue.

Erskine Park Hybrid. Mixed colors.

Asclepias Tuberosa (Butterfly Weed.) Orange. July, Aug. 2.

Astilbe (Goat's Beard, 35c each, \$3.00 per ten.)
May, June. 2.

Davidii, 50c each. June. 4.

White. 2.

Floribunda. White. Gladstone. White.

Peach Blossom. Pink.

Queen Alexandria. Pink. 2.

Queen Wilhelmina. Pink. 2.

Asters. Cultivated native flower. Sept., Oct.

Perry's Blue.

Laevis. Blue.

Novae-Angliae Roseus.

J. S. Ware. Blue.

Baptisia Australis. (False Indigo). Blue. Ju. 3.

Boltonia (False Chamomile). Aug.,

Asteroides. White. 4-5.

Latisquama. Pink. 3. Campanula (Bellflower).

Carpatica. Blue. July, Aug. 6 inches.

Carpatica Alba. White. 6 inches. Rotundifolia (Blue Bells of Scotland).

Medium (Canterbury Bells). Pink, white, blue. July. 1-3.

Chelone (Shell-flower). Aug., Sept. 3.

Lyonii. Red. Alba. White.

Chrysanthemum.

Shasta Daisy. White. June, July.

Hardy Pompons. Various colors.

Sept., Oct. 2-3. Clematis, Shrubby. White. July. Aug.

Davidiana.

Recta.

Coreopsis Lanceolata Grandiflora. Yellow, June, July, Aug. 2-3.

Delphinium (Hardy Larkspur). July, Aug., 4-5. Belladona. Light blue.

Chimensis. Blue. July-Sept. 2. Chinensis. White. July-Sept. 2.

Erskine Park Hybrids. Light and dark blue. Formosum. Deep blue.

Formusum Coelestinum. Light blue.

Gold Medal Hybrids. Shades of blue.

Dianthus (Sweet William).

Barbatus. Mixed colors. June 1-2. \$2.00 per dozen.

Deltoides (Maiden Pink). June, July. 1. Plumarius Semperflorens. (Clove pink.) June, July. 1.

Newport Pink. .\$3.00 per dozen.

Dicentra (Bleeding Heart). May. 2. Dictamnus (Gas Plant). June, July. 2.

Fraxinella. Pink.

Fraxinella Alba. White.

Digitalis Gloxinaeflora. (Foxglove.) Pink and white. June, July. 3.

Doronicum Exelsum (Leopard's Bane). Yellow. May. 2.

Echinops Humilis (Globe Thistle). Blue. Aug., Sept. 3.

Eryngium Amethystinum (Sea-Holly). Lavender.

July, Aug. 2.
Not. (See Myosotis). Forget-Me-Not.

Foxglove. (See Digitalis).

Funkia (Plantain Lily). June, July. 2.

Caerulea. Blue.

Subcordata Grandiflora. White. Aug., Sept. 2. \$3.50 per doz.

Undulata Media Picta. Blue.

Thos. Hogg. Blue.

Gaillardia Grandiflora. (Blanket-Flower). Orangered. June-Aug. 1.

Grasses, Hardy Ornamental. 4-6. 35c each, \$3.00 per 10.

Erianthus Ravennae.

Eulalia Gracillima Univittata. Eulalia Japonica Variegata.

Eulalia Japonica Zebrina (Zebra Grass).

Gypsophila (Baby's Breath). White. June, July. 2. Paniculata.

Flore Pleno (Double-flowering). \$5.00 per doz.

Helenium (Sneeze Weed.) Aug., Sept. 3-4. Autumnale Superbum. Orange. Superbum Rubrum. Terra cotta shade.

Hemerocallis Aurantiaca Major (Yellow Day Lily.)
lava. Tawny. June. 3.

Flava.

Kwanso fl. pl. Double orange lily. July, Aug. 3-4.

Thunbergii. Japanese. Lemon yellow. July. 3.

Heuchera. (Coral Bells.) June, July. 1-2. Sanguinea. June, July. 1-2. Sanguinea Alba. White.

Hibiscus (Rose Mallow). (Marshmallow). Aug., Sept. 4.

Albus (Crimson Eye). White. Moscheutos. Mixed pink and white. Roseus. Pink.

Hollyhock (Althea Rosea). July, Aug. 5. Double. (Separate colors.)

Allegheny Fringed. Mixed colors. Old-Fashioned Single. Assorted colors. Newport Pink. Pink.

Liatris Pycnostachya (Kansas Gay Feather). Purple. July, Aug. 4.

Lily-of-the-Valley. Heavy clumps, 35 cents each; \$3.00 per 10.

Pawling, N. Y., Sept. 14, 1921.

Dear Sir:

I have not ordered anything from you for several years, but what I have ordered from you has been so successful that I now wish to order a few more things.

(Miss) LOUISE S. GILDER

Belleville, N. J., Sept. 17, 1921.

Plants arrived in good season and in fine condition. Am much pleased with them.

MRS. LEWIS DAVENPORT

Ashley, Pa., Oct. 14, 1921.

Dear Sir:

I am delighted with the appearance of the E. RUDRAUFF plants you sent me.

Lupinus Polyphyllus (Lupine). Pink, white, blue. June, July. 2.

**Lychnis Alpina** (Champion Lamp-flower). Red. June, July. 2. Chalcedonica.

Haageana.

Monarda (Bee Balm). Didyma (Oswego Tea). Red. June, July.

Myosotis. (Forget-Me-Not). Blue. May, June. 6 inches.

Pachysandra Terminalis. For prices see page

Papaver.

Nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). White, yellow. May, June. 1.

Orientale (Oriental Poppy). Red. June. 2-3.

Orientale. Mrs. Perry. Pink. June. 2-3. 35 cents each; \$3.00 per 10.

Pentstemon (Beard-Tongue). barbatus Torreyi. Coral red. June, July. 3-4. pubescens. Lavender, June. 2.

Physostegia Virginica. (F Pink. June, July. 3. (False Dragon-Head).

Playtcodon (The Balloon Flower). June, July.

Grandiflorum. Blue. Grandiflorum Album. White. Mariesa, Blue.

Primula Veris Superba (Primrose). Yellow and red. April, May. 6 inches.

Pyrethrum Roseum. Pink. May, June. 3.

Rose Campion. Cerise-red, foliage silvery. June, July. 2.

Rudbeckia (Cone-flower).

Golden Glow. Yellow. Aug., Sept. 6. Yellow with black center. July. Neumanii. Aug. 2.

Purpurea. (Purple cone flower). July, Aug.

Sedum (Stonecrop).
Acre. Yellow. June, July. 6 inches. Spectabilis. (Lavender). Aug., Sept. 1-2.

Statice Latifolia. (Sea Lavender). Lavender. July, Aug. 2. Graceful and airy for bouquets.

Stokesia. (Stokes Aster). July, Aug., Sept. 1. Cyanea. Blue. C. Alba. White.

Tritoma Pfitzeri (Torch Lily). Orange scarlet. July, Aug., Sept. 3.

Veronica (Speedwell). Longifolia Subsessilis. Blue. July, Aug., Sept. 2.

Spicata. Blue. June, July. 2.

Viola Cornuta (Tufted Pansy). Various colors. May, June, July. 6 inches.

Yucca Filamentosa (Adam's Needle.) Foliage Evergreen. Heavy spikes of bloom, surmounted with dozens of large white flowers in July. 5 feet. 25c to \$1.50.

# Japanese Iris



Japanese Iris

Flower nine to twelve inches in diameter; will grow in almost any soil that does not become too dry in summer. Prefer a warm, sunny location.

Prices 35 cts. each, \$3.00 per ten, \$25.00 per hundred. A superb mixture made from these varieties, \$2.00 per ten, \$15.00 per hundred. Five at ten rate, fifty at hundred rate, provided not less than three of a name are ordered.

This set of varieties was selected from a large number of the best Japanese introductions and is, without doubt, as fine as any collection offered. Order by number.

- 4. Yomo-no-umi. The finest double white.
- 5. Koki-no-iro. Light violet with white veins.
- 11. Hano-no-nishiki. Violet purple veined with white.
- 14. Shishi-ikari. White ground, veined with dark purple.
- 15. **Gekka-no-nami**. Dense, pure white, yellowish blotches petaloid stigmas; six petals.
- 16. Kumona-no-sora. Silver white, suffused throughout with soft, light blue; the largest three-petaled variety in cultivation. 50c each.
- 31. Dense, pure white, yellow blotches. Petaloid stigmas; six petals.
- 43. Purple, overlaid with navy-blue, two standards; petaloid stigmas purple and blue; large orange blotches; six petals.

Our Victory Iris commence to bloom about the middle of May and continue until the first week in June, when the peonies are in full bloom. The Japanese Iris are at their best early in July.

- 50. Rocky. Velvety crimson.
- 51. Sho-jo. White, heavily veined violet.
- 56. **Kakujakuro.** Blue with purple heavily feathered white; yellow blotches; standards blue; edged white; petaloid stigmas white; tipped blue; large flowers.
- 57. Six petals; silvery gray, suffused and veined white.
- 65. **Ho-ojo.** Ruddy crimson, primrose blotches, with white halo; petaloid stigmas white tipped with purple; six petals.
- 67. White, medium height.
- 71. Pyramid. Dark violet blue, slightly veined white; very fine.
- 72. Six round petals; bright violet-purple, shaded.
- 77. Yayaura. White, occasionally marked with light violet.
- 107. Choice white.

# Victory Iris (German)

#### LARGE STOCK, LOW PRICES

Named, 25 cents each; \$1.75 per ten; \$12.00 per hundred, except as noted. Five at ten rate. 50 at hundred rate, provided not less than three of a kind are ordered; mixed \$1.25 per ten; \$8.00 per hundred.

The German Irises are all sun lovers and thrive best in warm, fertile, well-drained soils. Their roots lie near the surface of the ground and require the warming, baking rays of the sun. They will thrive on almost any kind of soil except one that is continuously wet.

The following abbreviations are used: **S** means standards or upper petals; **F** means falls or lower petals.

Aurea (Variegata). Rich orange yellow, 30 cts. 2 feet.

Black Prince (Not the English). Earliest, rich, dark purple. 2 feet. 35 ets., \$3.00 per ten.

Caprice. S rosy red; F deeper rosy red, beard yellow. Handsome. 2 feet. 30 cts., \$2.50 per ten.

Celeste. Pale azure blue. 30 inches.

Coelestine. Delicate lavender-self. 3 feet.

Col. Corwin. Rich plum. 30 inches.

Common Purple. Purple. One of the best. 30 inches.

Darius. S rich canary-yellow; F lilac, margined white; rich orange beard; one of the most distinct and beautiful. 20 inches.

Dorothea. Marked white, tinged lilac.

Fairy. White, delicately bordered and suffused soft blue. 30 inches. 30 cts., \$2.50 per ten.

Florentina Alba. Creamy-white, faintly flushed lavender; the blooms are quite fragrant. 2 feet.

Florida. S citron-yellow; F deeper yellow, beau tifully veined. 18 inches.

Ingeborg. Pure white. Large flowers of handsome form. 35 ets.

#### VICTORY IRIS-Continued

Jacquesiana. S bright coppery crimson; F rich maroon; very handsome. Scarce. 30 inches. 50 cts.

Kharput. S violet; F velvety violet purple. Very large, handsome flower. 30 inches. 35 cts., \$3.00 per ten.

Kochii (Syn Atropurpurea). S and F rich claretpurple. Often sold under the name of Black Prince. 15 inches. 35 cts., \$3.00 per ten.

Lady Stump. Lavender and dark blue.

L'Avenir. Lavender; a beautiful shade.

La Tendre. S pearly white, somewhat smoked; F blue.

Loreley. S light yellow; F ultra marine, bordered with cream. 28 inches. 25 cts., \$2.00 per ten.

Madame Chereau. White, elegantly frilled with a wide border of

clear blue; one of the most beautiful. 32 in.

Monsignor. S rich satiny violet; F velvety purple crimson with lighter margin. Large flowers. Very late. Beautiful. 2 feet. 35 cts., \$3.00 per ten.

Mrs. Neubrunner.

Deep golden-yellow; darker
than Aurea. 50
cts.

Mrs. G. Darwin.
White. Upper part of F reticulated gold and violet. A very pretty new hybrid. 35 cts.



Mrs. H. Darwin. 30 ins. Late. S pure white; F white, finely reticulated. One of the most charming whites.

Niebelungen. S fawn-yellow; F violet-purple on bronze. Very large. 50 cts.

Othello. S rich blue; F deep velvety purple; very tall and handsome. 30 inches.

Parc de Neuilly. S and F very dark navy-blue of reddish tinge. Large flowers of perfect form. 50 cts., \$4.50 per ten.

Princess Victoria Louise. S sulphur yellow; F rich plum, bordered cream. 50 cts., \$4.00 per ten.

Prosper Laugier. S light bronze-red; F velvety ruby-purple, with orange beard. Very handsome. 50 cts., \$4.00 per ten.

Queen Alexandra. S fawn, shot with lilac; F lilac, reticulated bronze at base. Beard yellow. Very beautiful. 30 inches. 50 cts., \$4.00 per ten.

Rhein Nixe. S pure white; F deep violet blue with a white edge. 3 feet. 35 cts., \$3.00 per ten.

Rose Unique. Bright violet rose. Nearest approach to a pink Iris. Early. 75 cts.

Victorine. S mottled blue; F violet blue, mottled white. 27 in.

Walhalla. S lavender; F wine red. Very showy, 20 in. 30 cts.

Wyomissing. S creamy white suffused delicate soft rose; F deep rose base, shading to flesh-colored border. 50 cts.

#### Pallida Section

Albert Victor. S soft blue; F beautiful lavender; large and fine. 40 inches.

Dalmatica. S lavender; F clear deep lavender; flowers very large, extra fine. A grand variety for massing and for cut flowers. 40 inches. 30 cts. each; \$2.50 per ten.

Garibaldi. Similar to Her Majesty, but deeper pink. 35 cts.; \$3.00 per ten.

Her Majesty. S rose-pink; F bright crimson, tinged a darker shade. 35 cts.; \$3.00 per ten.

Juanita. S and F clear blue, deeper than Dalmatica. Tallest of all the beardless Irises; foliage long and drooping; flowers large and fragrant. 35 cts.; \$3.00 per ten.

Lohengrin (Pallida). S and F, soft silvery-mauve, shading nearly to white at the claw. 33 inches. 35 cts.; \$3.00 per ten.

Queen of May. A lovely soft rose-lilac, almost pink; beautiful. 32 inches.

Speciosa. S dark lavender, shaded lighter; F lavender, shaded bright purple. 42 inches.

### Various Irises

Pseudacorus (Common Water Flag). Whoever has in his garden a pond, ditch or even a thoroughly damp spot ought to plant this Flag. Two to three feet. Yellow. 25 cts.; \$2.00 per ten.

Sibirica (Siberian Flag). Two to three feet high, with narrow, grassy leaves; showy blue flowers beautifully veined with white and violet. 20 cts.; \$1.50 per ten.

Devon, Pa., March 3, 1921.

Please let me know too what time the plants should be planted.

I want to express my appreciation of the clearness and convenience of your catalogue.

MRS. F. M. IVES

McDonald, Pa., August 15, 1921.

The roses from your nursery received this spring have grown beautifully. The two climbers, Silver Moon and Van Fleet, are eight feet high.

(Dr.) J. M. MILLER

Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 28, 1921.

Of the many catalogues in hand, highly colored and otherwise, I have just looked over your book, and was amazed at its simplicity.

A. J. SMITH

# **Peonies**

See Inside Back Cover

# Phlox

Following the Iris and Peonies in time of bloom, but in no way behind them in popularity, are the Hardy Perennial Phloxes. We have weeded out all the magentas and purples and believe that our list is as select as that offered by any firm.

Blooming size, 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per ten; \$18.00 per 100, except as noted. Large clumps, XX, 35 cts. each; \$3.00 per ten. Five at ten rate, fifty at hundred rate, provided not less than five of a kind are ordered.

Bridesmaid. White, with large crimson center.

Coquelicot. Fine, rich searlet with deep carmine eye.

Dawn. Light delicate pink, darker center; free bloomer, medium height.

Eiffel Tower. Large flowers; chaste, pure salmon with purple eye; tall grower.

Elizabeth Campbell. Very bright salmon-pink, with lighter shadings and dark red eye; one of the handsomest.

Independence. Large, pure white.

Lothair. Large; rosy salmon, with crimson eye. Mme. Bezanson. Deep red.

Miss Lingard. Blooms in May, fully six weeks earlier than the other sorts, and continues in bloom three months; a grand white variety, which should be in every collection.

Peachblow. Delicate pink, deep rose center; rather dwarf-habit, splendid trusses. Superb.

Queen. Pure white. One of the best. Tall.

Rynstrom. A grand new Phlox, resembling Pantheon, but with larger flower heads; a soft clear pink, medium height and strong grower.

R. P. Struthers. Bright rosy-red; crimson eye. Thor. A most beautiful and lovely shade of deep salmon-pink, suffused and overlaid with a scarlet glow. 35 cts.; \$3.50 per ten.

Von Lassburg. Purest white, individual flowers very large.

W. C. Egan. One of the finest Phloxes yet introduced and while the individual flowers according to the color chart are of a delicate lilac color, illuminated by a large bright solferino eye, the color effect as a whole is a delicate pleasing shade of soft pink. 35 cts., \$3.00 per ten.

# Creeping Phlox

Amoena Rosea. Beautiful plant and pretty pink flowers; very early. 5 inches.

Subulata (Moss Pink). Rose pink; blooms in May; useful for trailing over rocks.

# A Superb New Phlox

Mrs. E. J. Norman. A superb, new phlox, originating at Lenox, Mass., is now offered for the first time. When visiting "Erskine Park", Lenox, we were fascinated by the beauty of this new phlox, of which we procured the stock. After a trial of two years at Rosedale, we can most highly recommend it to our customers. Color is a delicate blush pink. The plant is a strong grower, and free bloomer. Price 50c each, \$4.00 per 10.

Syracuse, N. Y., Feb. 1, 1922.

Dear Sir:

Wi'l you kindly mail me one of your recent catalogues. I have been advised that roses from your place have been exceedingly satisfactory.

C. H. SWEET



New Phlox-Mrs. E. J. Norman

Utica, N. Y., Sept. 27, 1921.

Dear Sir:

The phlox that you shipped me last year turned out very fine. I would like to have you send me 50 more phlox from the following varieties....I will leave the selection to you, inasmuch as I know you will give me a good assortment.

E. D. IBBOTSON

Fall River, Mass., March 5, 1921 Gentlemen:

All the plants that I have ever bought from you have been very satisfactory and when I need anything in your line, I will be glad to give you the order.

FRANCIS S. CARR

# Roses



Two beds in the Rose Garden of Helen Gould Shepard, Tarrytown, N. Y.

Those who had roses from us last year need not be reminded of the high quality of these plants grown on the Japanese multiflora stock. To prospective new customers, however, we wish to say that our plants this year are as fine as we have ever handled. When we put them in their winter quarters in December, we were elated at the prospect of being able to ship such nice plants in the spring of 1922. These heavy, two year dormant plants, set early in April, will give far better results than plants grown in pots which cannot be planted until danger of frosts is over, about the middle of May in this section. Planted in April, the roots become well established in the cool weather of April and May so that they are able to produce a fine lot of blooms in June, and the Everblooming Teas and Hybrid Teas continue to bloom through summer and fall until heavy frosts. Place your order now; we will not ship until conditions are suitable for planting in your section.

We do not ship any but selected, heavy plants, all of which might be called "extra" size or "Star" roses, for which some firms would charge a fancy price.

To produce such stock, strong one year plants are set in the spring and grown two years in the field, quite different from plants started in the greenhouse in winter, planted out in spring and sold the following spring for two-year-old plants.

A combination of rates may be applied in one order.

	Sample Order.	
15	85c roses, 3 of a kind—ten rate \$0.80	\$12.00
6	75c roses, 1 and 2 of a kind—	
	single rate\$0.75	4.50
50	85c roses, 3 of a kind—100 rate \$0.75	37.50
	Total	.\$54.00
Vai	rieties offered at 60c, \$5.00 per 10,	\$45.00

# We Do Not Substitute Unless Requested

To avoid delay and correspondence, therefore, customers should name a few substitutes in case their first choice should be sold.

Varieties offered at \$.75, \$6.50 per 10, \$60 per

Varieties offered at \$0.85, \$8.00 per 10, \$75.00 per 100.

Varieties offered at \$1.00, \$9.00 per ten.

Orders for 50 or more plants, not less than 3 of a name, 100 rate. Orders for 6 to 50 plants, not less than 3 of a name, 10 rate. Less than 3 of a name will be sold at single rate.

# Reasons for Placing Your Order With Us Early

(1) The plants are very low-budded, so that, in planting, the bud or graft is easily placed 2 or 3 inches below the surface of the ground (as it should be) without the necessity of too deep planting of the roots. (See cut page 28.)

(2) The plants are kept perfectly dormant from the time they are dug until they reach our customers. We thus save you expense of packing potted plants and extra on earth from pots. Moreover plants may be set in early April without danger from frosts.

(3) Our method of packing insures arrival in perfect condition.
(4) We have made the prices low. We can do this thing because we handle large numbers and, being in a climate where we can keep the plants dormant until planting time, we have not the great expense of potting, storing and packing potted plants for shipment.

Early orders take precedence in time of shipment, plant just as soon as ground will (5)

work well.

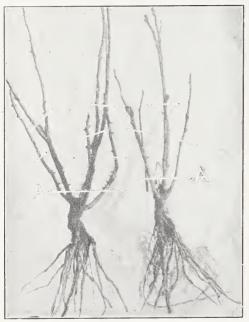
per 100.

#### Budded vs. Own Root Plants

Growers are apt to argue for their own method of propagation. An impartial opinion by an eminent rosarian may be found in an excellent article by Dr. Robert Huey in the March, 1905, number of "Country Life in America." Speaking of budded plants, he says: "They are much more vigorous, produce finer blooms, come into bearing sooner and last just as long, if not longer." He further states that "many fine varieties are utterly worthless unless budded.

#### Hybrid Tea Roses

The list below, including some valuable new varieties, is the very cream of constant bloomers. They should not be confounded with the so-called monthly Teas, sent out as pot-plants by some They are hardy with a little protection if planted in spring, in order that they may become established during the summer. Being large plants, they will bloom freely from June to November, and are worth many times mailing sizes. As they have all been thoroughly tested for hardiness, freedom of bloom and vigorous growth, one tries no experiment in planting these beautiful Everblooming Roses. They are all Hybrid Teas with the exception of a few, which are designated, and, all things considered, are most valuable for bedding out and summer flowering. They are a cross between the Hybrid Perpetuals and the delicate Teas. They have the hardiness of the former and the charming form and fragrance of the latter.



A-Depth to plant; other lines show where to prune when planted.

Antoine Rivoire. Rosy flesh, shaded and edged with carmine; superb. Doctor Huey, noted rosarian of Philadelphia, says: "I quite agree with you about Antoine Rivoire. Have a dozen plants doing finely. I place it as the third best Hybrid Tea." 85c.

Arthur R. Goodwin. Coppery orange red, passing to salmon pink. Medium, full, beautiful

rose. \$1.00.

Betty. Color ruddy gold, a coppery rose overspread with golden yellow; glorious form; blooms from June until frost; vigorous, erect, free-branching habit. 85c.

British Queen. Pure white, bud slight flush; large, fine form, fragrant. 85c.
Chateau de Clos Vougeot. Velvety scarlet,

Velvety scarlet, shaded fiery-red, changing to dark velvety crimson; very floriferous. \$1.25.
Columbia. Glowing pink. Color deepens as the

petals open. Very large. \$1.00.

Duchess of Wellington. Intense saffron-vellow, stained with rich crimson; becomes deep coppery saffron-yellow; fragrant. 85c.

Dean Hole. Silvery carmine, shaded salmon; large, fine form; a variety of great excellence. 85c.

Etoile de France. Velvety crimson with bright cerise center. Large, full. 85c.

Francis Scott Key. A glorious rose of blazing red. Large, fragrant. Blooms until frost. \$1.25.

Florence Pemberton. Creamy-white suffused pink, perfect in form; very fine. 85c.

Geo. C. Waud. Orange vermillion, large perfect finish. Strong, tea perfume. 85c.

Deep orange-yellow, heavily veined with reddish-copper. Claimed by Messrs. Dickson to be the most striking Rose in existence, and the finest variety they have ever distributed to the trade. Large, exquisitely formed; long, rigid stems. Delightfully fragrant. \$1.00.

Grace Molyneux. Creamy apricot with flesh center. Large, fragrant. 85c.

Gruss an Teplitz. Brilliant, cinnabar-scarlet, shaded with velvety fiery red. Profuse bloomer, fragrant. The foliage is extremely beautiful, all the young growth being a bronzy plumcolor. 85c.

Hadley. Brilliant red. The flowers are of a fine quality in the fall when it surpasses all other

roses in beauty. 85c.

Harry Kirk. Deep sulphur-yellow, passing to a lighter shade at edge of petals. Robust

growth, blooms large, full. 85c. Hoosier Beauty. Rich velvety crimson, with deeper shadings. Very fragrant, well shaped buds, large full flower, clean healthy habit. 85c.

Jonkheer J. L. Mock. Deep imperial pink, outside of petals silvery rose-white. Large, very fragrant. 85c.

K. A. Victoria. Creamy white, lemon shaded;

fragrant. 85c.

Killarney Brilliant. A sport from the original Killarney, which is one of the most popular Roses in cultivation today. Killarney Brilliant is a duplicate of the original Killarney in all respects, save color, which is far more intense and rich. \$1.00.



Jonkheer J. L. Mock.

Killarney Double White. Pure white. Large, fragrant. Buds very long and pointed. 85c.

Killarney Queen. Flesh, suffused with pale pink.

Large pointed buds. A continuous bloomer.

\$1.00.

Konigen Carola. Satiny rose with reverse petals silvery rose. 85c.

Lady Alice Stanley. Deep coral-rose; inside pale flesh, slightly flushed deeper flesh; large, full, fragrant. 85c.

Lady Ashtown. Very large. Rose du Barri, shading to yellow at base of petals; large, full, and pointed, excellent for any purpose. 85c.

Lady Ursula. Flesh pink, large, full, good form, deliciously tea scented. 85c.

Lady Hillingdon. (T.) Deep apricot-yellow, long pointed buds; free flowering. 85c.

Lady Pirrie. Outside of petals, deep coppery reddish salmon, inside of petals flushed fawn on copper, large, full, long pointed. \$1.00.

La France. Pink, tinted silvery blush. Large, delightfully fragrant. 85c.

Laurent Carle. Brilliant velvety carmine; very large. 85c.

Los Angeles. A luminous flame-pink, toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at base of petals. Exceedingly fragrant. Awarded first prize at Bargatelle Rose Gardens, Paris, 1919. Heavy two-year plants. \$1.25.

Madame Abel Chatenay. Rosy carmine, shaded with pale vermillion-rose, and tinged with salmon; very distinct and attractive. 85c.

Madame Caroline Testout. A beautiful rosy salmon; exquisite form, very sweet; vigorous grower, free and constant bloomer. 85c.

Madame Edward Herriot. Syn. Daily Mail Rose.

A gorgeous combination of reddish terra-cotta
and bronze, with flame shadings; almost impossible to describe; foliage bright and glossy
and practically mildew-proof. 85c.

Madame Jules Grolez. Fine, satiny, china-rose color; very bright; large, full and of good

form and very free-flowering. 85c.

Madame Ravary. Beautiful orange-yellow; flowers very large. One of the best yellow roses. \$1.00.

Madame Leon Pain. Silvery salmon, center orange-yellow, large, full, well-formed. 85c.

Madame Segond Weber. Clear, soft salmon pink. Very large flower. Stiff stem. 85c.

Maman Cochet. Clear pink, changing to silvery rose. Large, delicate fragrance. 85c.

Mary, Countess of Ilchester. Glowing earmine. Very large, good grower, of fine habit. 90c.

Marquis de Sinety. Golden-yellow, shaded bronzy red; large, full. \$1.00.

Mrs. Ambrose Riccardo. Deep honey-yellow, overlaid brighter yellow; of great size and substance; free flowering; delightfully sweet perfume. Silver Gilt Medal, N. R. S. One of the greatest rosarians says of it: "Ambrose Riccardo is a peach, yes a peacharino." \$1.25.

Mrs. A. R. Waddell. Apricot yellow, orange and salmon. Loose and gracefully irregular. 85c.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. Indian yellow, occasionally washed with salmon-rose. 85c.

Mrs. George Shawyer. Brilliant clear rose; very large, well formed and full. Vigorous. 85c.

Mrs. Wakefield Christy-Miller. Soft, pearly blush, shaded salmon. Exquisite. \$1.00.

My Maryland. Bright salmon-pink with paler edges; delightfully fragrant. 85c.

Old Gold. Vivid reddish orange with coppery red and apricot shadings. Free bloomer. \$1.00.

Ophelia. Salmon-flesh, shaded rose. Large and firm; lasts well when cut. \$1.00.

Pharisaer. Rosy white, shaded salmon; large, full, and well formed. 85c.

Prince de Bulgarie. Deep rosy flesh, shaded with salmon; large; good foliage. 85c.

Red Radiance. A clear cerise red producing large flowers throughout the most unfavorable hot summer weather. 85c.

Sunburst. Superb cadmium yellow with orange center. Large, and of elongated cup form. 85c.

White Maman Cochet. Clear snowy white throughout. Tea. Upright. Flowers of enormous size, remarkably round and full. \$1.00.

mous size, remarkably round and full. \$1.00.
Willowmere. Coral red, opening to a large full handsome flower of shrimp-pink; resembles the Lyon Rose very much. 85c.

Zephyrine Drouhin. An old Rose. Semi-double, large flowers, bright rose. 85c. 3-year, \$1.25.

#### Moss Roses

This is a favorite class on account of the beautiful buds, which for bouquets and cut flowers, are invaluable. They require close pruning and high culture. The four kinds that follow are considered best sorts.

Blanche Moreau. Pure white. Buds heavy with

deep green moss. 85c.

Crested Moss. Deep pink-colored buds, surrounded with a mossy fringe and crest; a fragrant and very beautiful rose. 85c.

Gracilis. Deep pink, buds beautifully crested.

Salet. Light rose, large, full and beautiful in bud. 85c.



Hiawatha (Climbing Rose)

# Rugosa Roses and Their Hybrids

A very interesting group from Japan. They are exceedingly hardy, and thrive in almost any soil or situation. They form strong bushes 3 to 4 feet high, furnished with handsome glossy foliage, which render them highly ornamental. They continue to bloom from June to November, after which the bright red seed-pods are striking objects during winter. They make grand shrub effects.

Alba. Single white. 85c. 3-year, \$1.00. Blanc Double de Coubert. A double white form of Rugosa alba, large and showy; delightfully fragrant. Superb. 85c. 3-year, \$1.00. Conrad F. Meyer. Clear silvery rose; large, fra-

grant flowers; bud well formed; foliage not like Rugosa. 85c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Madame G. Bruant. Buds long and pointed,

when open semi-double; pure white and fra-

grant. 85c. 3-year, \$1.00. Rugosa Rubra. A most beautiful bright rosy crimson. Its flowers borne in clusters nearly all summer, are delightfully fragrant. 85c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Nova Zembla. A hybrid variety; the flowers are large, of fine form, white, with a pleasing flush of pink. 85c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Sir. Thomas Lipton. White, double, constant bloomer. 85c. 3-year, \$1.00.

The New Century. Flesh-pink. 85c. 3-year,

\$1.00.

# Climbing and Trailing Roses

American Beauty (Climbing). A very vigorous and Beautiful rose of medium pink color. The flowers, borne on long stems (unusual in climbing roses) open full and perfect and therefore, useful for cutting. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

American Pillar. (Polyantha). Very vigorous producing huge clusters, followed in autumn with red heps; flowers single and large, three to four inches across; lovely shade of pink, with a clear white eye and bright yellow stamens. 75c. 4-year, \$1.00.

Dr. W. Van Fleet. Vigorous grower; deep glossy

foliage; mildew proof; rich flesh pink in color; splendid for cutting. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Dorothy Perkins. We consider this one of the best pink climbers, rivaling Crimson Rambler in all but color, which is clear shell-pink and does not fade. 60c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Exce'sa. (Red Dorothy Perkins). Winner of

Hubbard Memorial Medal for the best Rose introduced in the past five years. Color is a clear, bright crimson with no trace of magenta, the foliage always clean and glossy, 60c.

Gardenia. Flowers cream, 3 to 31/2 inches in diameter; delightfully fragrant. 75c. 4-year, \$1.00.

Hiawatha. The flowers are single, of intense crimson, shading to a pure white at the base. The flowers, about one and one-half inches across are produced in large clusters as in the Lady Gay. Each spray containing forty or fifty flowers is just as pendulous as those of

Dorothy Perkins. 75c. 3-year, \$1.00.

Lady Gay. Flowers of good size, delicate cherry-pink, fading to soft white; borne in very large clusters; a magnificent variety. 60c.

3-year. \$1.00.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. No other climbing rose can compare with this new climber for brilliancy of color, a vivid scarlet. Flowers semidouble, very freely produced in clusters. Of vigorous habit and perfectly hardy. Awarded Gold Medal by National Rose Society; also Gold Medal at Bagatelle Gardens, Paris. \$1.25.

Setigera. A very popular single flower; three inches in diameter; blooms just after Crimson Very showy and effective. Rambler.

3-year, \$1.00.

Silver Moon. Pure white in color; yellow stamens in the center; foliage bronzy green; flowers of lasting fragrance on very long stems. \$1.00.

Tausendschon. (Polyantha). Pink, rosy carmine when expanded; large clusters.

3-year, \$1.00.

Wichuraiana. (Memorial Rose). This is a distinct and valuable low trailing species from Japan. The pure white flowers are produced in profusion during the month of July. 60c. 3-year, 85c.



Dorothy Perkins on a fence.



H. P. Frau Karl Druschki, 14 months from planting showing 20 buds at one time

We regret exceedingly that we are unable to offer a fuller list of Hybrid Perpetual roses. This class has been neglected because of the much greater call for Hybrid Teas and other ever-blooming varieties. And no doubt the demand this year will bring the growers to see that there is still a large place for the Hybrid Perpetual rose.

# Hardy Hybrid Perpetual Roses

Frau Karl Druschki. Snow-white. Blooms very large, perfectly formed; strong and vigorous; an ideal white Rose. 85c.

George Arends. The Pink Druschki. Tender rose-pink. Deliciously scented. Flowers produced in great profusion. 85c.

General Jacqueminot. Brilliant red; velvety, large and double; fine for massing. 85c.

Mrs. John Laing. Soft pink, of beautiful form; very fragrant and free flowering. 85c.

Mrs. R. G. Sharman-Crawford. Deep rosy-pink, outer petals shaded blush; large and of good imbricated form. One of the finest Roses grown. 85c.

Paul Neyron. Dark rose. Buds as large as best American Beauties grown under glass. 85c.

Prince Camille de Rohan. Deep velvety crimson-maroon. 85c.

Soleil d'Or. Golden orange to reddish gold, shaded with nasturtium red. 85c.

Ulrich Brunner. Bright cerise red. In all respects a very fine Rose. 85c.

## Miscellaneous Roses

Baby Annie Muller. Color bright pink; producing flowers in large pyramidal clusters. Free and continuous bloomer. 75c.

Baby Dorothy. Carnation pink; hardy in growth, similar to the Baby Rambler; very decorative. A cross between Crimson Rambler and a polyantha sort, it blooms freely from June to October. 75c.

Baby Erna Teschendorff. A sport from Crimson Rambler; in color as bright as Gruss an Teplitz. 75c.

Baby Jessie. Color a glowing crimson which does not fade, strong erect growing habit, producing flowers in great profusion. The best for massing, bedding or bordering. 75c.

Baby Orleans. Large flower of brilliant red, with large white center. 75c.

Austrian Copper. Single, brilliant, coppery red, outside of petals dull gold. 85c.

Blanda. A lovely pink rose, fragrant and showy.

The blooms appear in May or June and are followed by roundish, red fruit. Known as Meadow Rose. 3-year. 75c.

F. J. Grootendorst. This is a new type of rose, a cross between Rugosa and Crimson Baby Rambler. Blooms bright crimson, in clusters, with true rugosa foliage. Useful as a specimen or in group used as one would use the Rugosa. \$1.00.

Harrison's Yellow. Fine golden yellow, semi-double, flowers profusely. 85c.

Multiflora Japonica. Exceedingly free flowering, white single, sweetly fragrant. It grows rapidly, and is a valuable shrub. 75c.

Persian Yellow. Bright yellow, small, nearly full; should be pruned little, as the flowers are produced from the terminal shoots of the old wood. 85c.

Rosa Spinosissima. Low shrub, with upright branches; 3 to 4 feet high. Single, pure white or pink; followed by deep black seed pods. \$1.00.



Roses in Tree Form

Boston, Mass., April 25, 1921.

Dear Sir:

Two years ago I bought some roses from you and was wonderfully satisfied with the treatment received at your hands and the product which you sent me. The roses did wonderfully well.

I have taken occasion to recommend you to a great many of my friends who have dealt with you during the past two or three years. ....l want to place the following order and enclose check.

KARL M. WHITE

Charleston, W. Va., April 11, 1921.

Roses arrived in good condition and fine plants. Thanks. MRS. W. S. LAIDLEY.

Roses in tree form are among the most showy of plants.

We regret our inability to offer our usual list of roses in tree form. The list below includes some of the very best varieties grown in this form. \$2.00 each. Extra selected, \$2.50, except as noted.

Kaiserin Augusta
Victoria
Jonkheer J. L. Mock
Lady Alice Stanley
Lady Ashtown
Lady Hillingdon
Los Angeles, \$3.
Mme. Edouard Herriot
Mme. Caroline Testout
Red Radiance
White Cochet

Mrs. Aaron Ward Mr Ophelia Re Sunburst, \$3 Willowmere

As some of these varieties are quite limited please make a second choice or state whether we may be allowed to substitute.

Betty

Cazenovia, N. Y., March 16, 1921.

My dear Mr. Harris:

I am sending in an order quite late this year, but trust that it can be filled.

——The roses we have from you are a perpetual delight. MRS. C. E. HAMILTON

#### PRUNING

All plants must be severely pruned when planted; do not neglect this. The following March the operation should be renewed. The ever-blooming roses need severe pruning. The stronger shoots should be cut back to from 8 to 10 inches in height; all weak branches and any shoots that crowd, should be cut out entirely. As a general rule the more vigorous the variety, the less it should be pruned.

THE BEST FERTILIZER for plants in general, and the rose in particular, is cow manure. As this is often unobtainable, a very good substitute is sod rotted with animal manure of as many kinds as one can get. A heap formed of layers of sod, manure, old leaves and soil will be ready for use at the end of a year.

For immediate need, well rotted leaf-mould with old sod cut up fine enough to dig into the soil, is most excellent and safe. A sprinkling of pulverized sheep manure and ground bone coarse, medium and fine, is both quick and lasting.

A word of caution.. Use sparingly of commercial and ONLY well-rotted animal fertilizer.

#### WINTER CARE OF ROSE BUSHES

During many years experience we have found the best protection to roses, both bush and standard, is to lay down the plants and cover with soil just before the ground freezes for the winter, which means in Tarrytown about December 1.

The work may be easily done by first removing part of a spade full of earth against the plant on one side, when it may be bent over to that side without injuring, and held to the ground while an attendant covers the plant with earth to the depth of four or five inches. This will take no more time than other methods. The soil keeps the temperature more even and the frost is taken out by the soil gradually in the spring so that the wood comes out as plump and fresh as could be desired.

Covering should be removed gradually in the spring.

It is well to cover the bed with stable litter to the depth of three or four inches after the ground is frozen solid,—say a month after the plants are buried.

# S. G. HARRIS, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.

The use of this ORDER SHEET will insure the prompt and correct filling of your order

Date	sent	prompt and correct in		•		
Post	Office Ad	dress		No.		
Nam		State		Rec'd.		
Expr	ess Addre			Shipped		
Ship	about	1922	AMOUNT ENCLOSED	Ву		
Via						
Qua	ntity	Varieties	Price	Each	AMO	UNT
		STRONG EXTRA HYBRID PER	SELECTE PETUALS	D	Dollars	Cents
		FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI		\$ .85		
		GENERAL JACQUEMINOT		.85		
		GEORGE ARENDS		.85		
		MRS. JOHN LAING		.85		
		MRS. R. G. SHARMAN-CRAW	FORD	.85		
		PRINCE CAMILLE DE ROHAI	N	.85		
		SOLEIL D'OR		.85		
		PAUL NEYRON		.85		
		ULRICH BRUNNER		.85		100
		STANDARD	ROSES			
		We regret our inability to o	ffer our usual	list of		
		roses in tree form. The meag	er list below in	cludes		
		some of the very best varieties	grown in this	form.		
		\$2.00 each. Extra selected, \$2.50	, except as note	d. See		
		page 32 of Catalogue.				
		BETTY				
		KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTOR	IA			
		JONKHEER J. L. MOCK				
		LADY ALICE STANLEY				
		LADY ASHTOWN				
		LADY HILLINGDON				
		LOS ANGELES \$3.00				
		MME. EDOUARD HERRIOT				
		MME. CAROLINE TESTOUT MRS. AARON WARD				
		OPHELIA				
		RED RADIANCE		-		•
		SUNBURST \$3.00 WHITE COCHET				
		WILLOWMERE				
		See Prices per ten and per 1 Sheet.				
		All roses offered are strong two unless otherwise noted. Prices	o-year dormant	plants		
		ant plants are vastly cheaper ti	han on potted n	lants.		
		We offer no potted plants. Ge	nerally speaking	ı. ex-		
		press is safer and cheaper that tomers wishing plants sent by p	n parcels post.	Cus-		
		should include sufficient to prepa	ay postage.	vever,		

		Forward			
Quantity	Varieties	Price Each			

	Varieties Pric	e Each
	HYBRID TEAS	
	ANTOINE RIVOIRE (Mrs. Taft)	\$ .85
	ARTHUR R. GOODWIN	1.00
	BRITISH QUEEN	.85
	CHATEAU DE CLOS VOUGEOT	1.25
	COLUMBIA	1.00
	DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON	.85
	DEAN HOLE	.85
	ETOILE DE FRANCE	.85
	FLORENCE PEMBERTON	.85
	FRANCIS SCOTT KEY	1.25
	GEO. C. WAUD	.85
	GORGEOUS	1.00
	GRACE MOLYNEUX	.85
	GRUSS AN TEPLITZ	.85
	HADLEY	.85
	HARRY KIRK	.85
	HOOSIER BEAUTY	.85
	JONKHEER J. L. MOCK	.85
	K. A. VICTORIA	.85
	KILLARNEY BRILLIANT	1.00
	KILLARNEY DOUBLE WHITE	.85
	KILLARNEY QUEEN	1.00
	KONIGEN CAROLA  LADY ALICE STANLEY	.85 .85
	LADY ACIDE STANLEY	.85
	LADY URSULA	.85
	LADY HILLINGDON	.85
	LADY PIRRIE	1.00
	LA FRANCE	.85
	LAURENT CARLE	.85
	LOS ANGELES	1,25
	MADAME ABEL CHATENAY	.85
	MADAME CAROLINE TESTOUT	.85
	MADAME EDWARD HERRIOT	.85
	MADAME JULES GROLEZ	.85
	MADAME RAVARY	1.00
	MADAME LEON PAIN	.85
	MADAME SEGOND WEBER	.85
	MAMAN COCHET	.85
	MARQUIS DE SINETY	1.00
	MRS. AARON WARD	.85
	MRS. AMBROSE RICCARDO MRS. A. R. WADDELL	1.25 .85
	MRS. GEORGE SHAWYER	.85
	MRS. WAKEFIELD CHRISTY-MILLER	1.00
	MY MARYLAND	.85
	OLD GOLD	1.00
	OPHELIA	1.00
-	PHARISAER	.85
	PRINCE DE BULGARIE	.85
	RED RADIANCE	.85
	SUNBURST	.85
	WHITE COCHET	1.00
	WILLOWMERE	.85
	ZEPHYRINE DROUHIN (3-year, \$1.25)	.85

F	orward	
Varieties Pric	e Each	
MOSS ROSES		
BLANCHE MOREAU	.85	
CRESTED MOSS	.85	
GRACILIS	.85	
SALET	.85	
CLIMBING ROSES		
AMERICAN PILLAR (4-year, \$1.00)	\$0.75	
AMERICAN BEAUTY (3-year, \$1.00)	.75	
DOROTHY PERKINS (3-year, \$1.00)	.60	
DR. W. VAN FLEET (3-year, \$1.00)	.75	
EXCELSA	.60	
GARDENIA (4-year, \$1.00)	.75	
HIAWATHA (3-year, \$1.00)	.75	
LADY GAY (3-year, \$1.00)	.60	
PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER	1.25	
SETIGERA (3-year, \$1.00)	.75	
SILVER MOON	1.00	
TAUSENDSCHON (3-year, \$1.00)	.75	1
TRIER (3-year, \$1.00)	.75	
VEILCHENBLAU (3-year, \$1.00)	.75	
WICHURAIANA (3-year, \$0.85)	.60	1
		Ì
RUGOSA ROSES		
ALBA (3-year, \$1.00)	\$0.85	1
THE NEW CENTURY (3-year, \$1.00)	.85	
BLANC DOUBLE DE COUBERT (3-year, \$1.00	.25	
CONRAD F. MEYER (3-year, \$1.00)	.85	
MADAM GEORGES BRUANT (3-year, \$1.00)	.85	
NOVA ZEMBLA (3-year, \$1.00)	.85	
RUBRA (3-year, \$1.00)	.85	
SIR THOMAS LIPTON (3-year, \$1.00)	.85	
MISCELLANEOUS ROSES		
BABY AMY MULLER	\$0.75	
BABY DOROTHY	.75	

Quantity

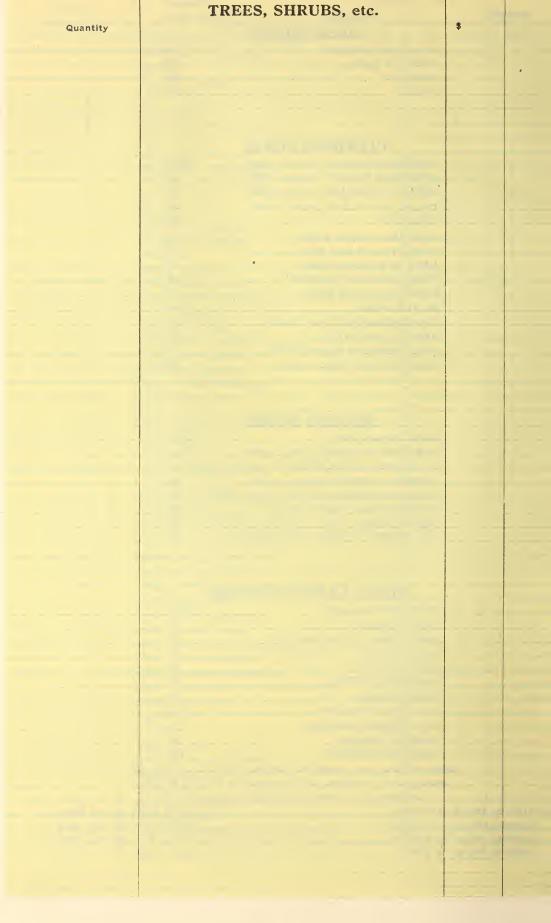
BABY AMY MULLER	\$0.75
BABY DOROTHY	.75
BABY ERNA TESCHENDORFF	.75
BABY JESSIE	.75
BABY ORLEANS	.75
AUSTRIAN COPPER	.85
ROSA BLANDA	.75
F. J. GROOTENDORST	1.00
MULTIFLORA JAPONICA	.75
PERSIAN YELLOW	.85
ROSA SPINOSISSIMA	1.00

Orders for 50 or more plants, not less than 3 of a name, 100 rate.

Orders for 6 to 50 plants, not less than 3 of a name, 10 rate.

Less than 3 of a name will be sold at single rate.

Varieties	offered	at	60	centsper	10,	\$5.00;	per	100,	\$45.00	
Varieties	offered	at	75	centsper	10,	6.50;	per	100,	60.00	
Varleties	offered	at	85	centsper	10,	8.00;	per	100,	75.00	
Varieties	offered	at	\$1	.00per	10,	9.00				



# Index

Page   Page   Page   Page			
Arborvitae (Thuja)         7         Leucothoe         9         Shrubs, evergreen         9, 10           Firs         1, 2         Mountain Laurel         9         Shrubs, deciduous         14, 16, 17           Juniper (cedar)         2         Pachysandra         9         Shrubs, deciduous         14, 16, 17           Hemlock (Tsuga)         8         Rhododendron         10         Birches, Horsechestnut,           Pine         5         Yucca         10, 23         Judas tree, Maple, etc. 11           Retinispora         6         Fruit         18-21         Ash, Beech, Dogwood,           Spruce (Picea)         3         Gladioli         15         Walnut, etc.         12           Yew (Taxus)         7         Perennial Plants         22-26         Crab, Oak, Plane,         Poplar, etc.         13           Evergreens, broad-leaved 9, 10         Iris, Japanese         24         Poplar, etc.         13	Page	Page	Page
	Evergreens (Conifers)1-8 Arborvitae (Thuja)	Box       9         Leucothoe       9         Mountain Laurel       9         Pachysandra       9         Rhododendron       10         Vinca       10         Yucca       10, 23         Fruit       18-21         Gladioli       15         Perennial Plants       22-26         Iris, Japanese       24         Iris, Victory       24	Roses
Berberis Mahonia 9 Phlox	Berberis Manonia 9	Pn10x20	vines

# Peonies

# A Leading Specialty at Rosedale

Visitors will be delighted by the beauty and surprised at the extent of our Peony fields. This famous collection will be at the height of bloom about June 10 to 15. Some who have come hundreds of miles have expressed themselves as well paid. Of many tested during the past nineteen years, we have discarded those of doubtful worth, retaining 150 most excellent varieties, including Singles, Doubles and Japanese Semi-doubles in all known Peony colors and forms. We have received many golden opinions concerning the choice plants sent to enthusiastic customers, from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

We have omitted from this booklet our superb list of Peonies, because we do not care to ship them in the spring. The Peony starts to grow so early that it receives a great set-back from spring planting. Special Peony Catalogue will be mailed in August to all who received this Spring

Catalogue.

Lake Mahopac, N. Y., August 31, 1921.

The peonies I have bought from you for two years have been so satisfactory that I now wish to try some of your other perennials.

(Miss) A. E. COLLIN

Utica, N. Y., November 2, 1921.

Dear Sir:

I ordered from several firms this fall but from now on you get my peony orders and those of my friends I can influence.

MRS. HARRY E. NIX



One of Our Peony Fields

3-2

The stability of any amorane is in proposition to the energy spent upon the details of its foundation. ROSEDALE NURSERIES compliance there. Read HOW:

The national tendency of rooms left to themselvely is to spread analys. In common numery practice, practically all of these would be out on by the digger's speak and the foundation of the tree would be lost.

The ROSEDALE SIM is to quant against this by frequent transplanting, which develops a compact mass of fibrings on feeding room time to the trans. This involves the tree against loss from the digger's packs, while it also improve you against the loss of the tree or disappointment due to make growth. Not only the sours are more perfectly developed but the topic at well. See illustration, page 3.

The mots of ROSEDHLE PLONERING SHRUBS are given the same treatment as the Evergorens and Decidnous trees. Because of this you can plant large sizes as safely as smaller ones.

That our officers are appreciated may be seen from the fact that 1931 was our connect year. White most outdoesness new either suffering less on working on part time, our sales can for aftend of any year since the numery was established in 1896.

If you have landscape problems, her us help you take them. That is our business. It's one property to make all theses new and new places old—all places planted with bright, new treet and new places made all by planting large trees for immediate affects.

OUR MOTTO: Price as Low us Consistent with Highest Quality